1 CENT DAILY ISSUE — Want Ads ..IN.. Colonist...

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES COAL — Hall, Goepel & Company — Telephone 83 — 100 Government Street

VOL. LXXXI.---NO. 82 — VICTORIA B. C. FRIDAY MARCH 17 1899 — FORTY-SECOND YEAR

Ice Cream Sets,
Fish Sets
Dssert Sets
Carving Sets:::::

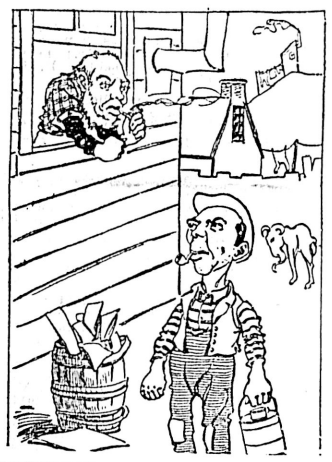
WE have a large variety of the above goods Cased in fine Leather and Oak Boxes. Direct from the manufacturers, Sheffield, Eng. The finish of these goods is much above the average. The quality is the best and prices very reasonable.

.. CHALLONER & MITCHELL ..

TELEPHONE 675. JEWELLERS 47 Government St

GOODERHAM & WORTS'
CELEBRATED
WHISKY
Is Sold at the
Stores of the
HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'
"SPECIAL" 1884 WHISKY
Is the
Oldest and Finest Canadian Whiskyint h e Market.



Down to a Fine Point!

Are our prices, when it requires a magnifying glass to see them. Call and see us. We are pleased to quote prices.

Fresh Island Eggs, - 25c per doz
Corn Starch - - 3 packages, for 25c
Smyrna Figs - - 1 lb Boxes, 25c
7 lb Tins Scotch and English Marmalade - - - - $1.00
Morgan's Eastern Oysters, - 75c Tin

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

KLONDIKE OUTFITTING
WILSON BROS.
Wholesale Grocers...
76, 79 and 80 Wharf St.
...VICTORIA, B. C...

Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of.....
Provisions
Groceries
Tools.....
Cooking Utensils
Tents, Etc.

We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

To The Atlin Lake Gold Fields

GOLD
GOLD
GOLD

We are again in the Field as Outfitters for the Klondike and Atlin Lake Gold Fields.

30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
RELIABLE GOODS
UNEXCELLED SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES

E. J. SAUNDERS & COMPANY

House Sales a Specialty.
Furniture Bought for Cash.....
W. JONES,
AUCTIONEER,
Appraiser and Commission Agent

Farm Stock, Furniture, Real Estate. Consignments solicited. Best prices obtained. All business strictly private. Terms reasonable.

Auction rooms, 133 Government street, cor. Pandora street, Victoria, B. C.

GET OUR PRICE for No. 1 clover and timothy hay on our deck; this hay is Island grown, and can guarantee same the best ever offered; call and see a sample. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413.

Preliminary Notice.
AUCTION
I am instructed to sell without reserve at Salesrooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street, on
Wednesday March 22
A large quantity of valuable English and American
Furniture and Effects
(Contents of two large houses.)
WM. T. HARDAKER Auctioneer.

REMEMBER, we are going out of business; big cut in feed and potatoes; all kinds of seeds at half price; first-class horse and wagon for sale. Hartman & Co., 73 Yates street.

HO! FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.
V. Y. T. CO.
Owners of Lake Bennett Sawmills.
Manufacturers of lumber of all descriptions, Traders and Freighters Builders of Boats and Barges.

THROUGH RATES given from any city on the Coast to all points on the upper Yukon river. Goods shipped now can be stored in the company's warehouse at Bennett until opening of navigation. For further particulars call or address
The Victoria-Yukon Trading Co. Ltd., Victoria, B.C.

Removing and Fire Sale
LARGE REDUCTIONS IN ALL LINES.
J. WENGER, 90 GOV'T STREET.

SEEDS
No Need to send away. We have the Largest Stock of Choice
GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS
ever imported into the Province. Also SEED GRAIN specially cleaned on our own machines
The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ld.....

R. P. RITHET & COMP'Y
LIMITED.
Seagram's Whiskey.
"Thistle Blend" Scotch.
Thorne's "H.M." Scotch.
Bonniot Three ★★★ Brandy

COLUMBIA FLOURING MILLS CO.,
HUNGARIAN, ★★★ STRONG BAKERS

Universally Accepted as the Leading Pure Coffee of the World.
Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand
1 or 2 pound Tins. All Grocers Keep it.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

Special Train.. Service

Sunday, March 19.

Trains Leave Victoria 8 a.m., 2 p.m.
--RETURNING--
Arrive Victoria 12 Noon and 8 p.m.

Excursion Tickets on sale Saturday and Sunday to all Points, good to return Monday.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

Trout Season Has Opened!
We can supply you with everything necessary, except the fish, call and examine our tackle at
FOX'S 78 Gov't Street.

The Auction Mart : 62 Douglas St
Ralph Churton
Will sell at an early date
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
being the nearly new equipment of a seven-roomed house on Douglas street, removed for convenience of sale.
Full particulars later.

"English adherence to detachable double tube tires is not wholly a matter of old fogy conservatism. A repair once made in them is permanent, and their life is probably longer than that of the average single tube."—L. A. W. Bulletin.

No other tire than popular, double tube, detachable G. & J. TIRES are used on
Rambler
Bicycles, $55
because the BEST of every thin is none too good, even at the 189 price—$55.
Inspection invited.
WEILER BROS. - AGENTS

To Cannerymen...
A Patent Retort and Steam Box Door on Exhibition under pressure of Steam. Can be opened and closed in one minute. A perfect steam-tight joint.
T. SHAW'S
MARINE IRON WORKS, Victoria, B. C.

MINING SHARES
It is to be regretted that there is
No Stock Exchange
in Victoria; but we beg to advise our numerous clients and the general public that we receive the quotations of the Toronto Mining Exchange by wire twice a day, and we shall be very pleased to furnish the same to our clients on application at our office.

WANTED.
Athabasca, St. Elmo, Noble Five, Dardanelles.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Fairview Corporation, Ltd.	25
Dundee	34
Fontenoy	17½
Noble Five	35
Rambler-Cariboo	37
Monte Cristo	12
Dardanelles	12½
Gopher	08
Lone Pine	37
Virginia	52
Waterloo	12½
Evening Star	11
Van Anda	04¼

List your stocks with us.
For other quotations call at our office.
A. W. More & Co.,
Stock Brokers,
86 Government Street.

SNUB FOR A PRINCE.

Sixty Members of Norwegian Assembly Refuse to Dine With the Swedish Regent.

A Striking Indication of the Growing Enmity Between the Two Countries.

Commercial Policies at Root of Trouble Though There Are Political Grievances.

By Associated Press.

Christiania, March 16.— Sixty leftist members of the storthing, the legislative assembly of Norway, have declined an invitation to dine with the Swedish Crown Prince Gutaf, who is acting as regent of Sweden and Norway during the absence of King Oscar in Southern France seeking to recuperate his health.

The refusal of the Norwegian legislators to accept the hospitality of the regent is doubly significant as emphasizing the resentment provoked in Norway by a recent saying of the Crown Prince in a public meeting at Stockholm that he would not object to lead the Swedes against the headstrong Norwegians in a resort to arms to settle the quarrel between the two countries, and as the most striking indication of open enmity to Sweden which has been made in Christiania of late.

A few nights ago while the Crown Prince was returning from the miltary club of Christiania he met a crowd of people who hooted him and pelted him with snowballs. The Norwegian papers condemned the demonstration, describing it as in any event a purely personal incident. But the refusal of the members of the storthing to dine with the regent has a wider bearing and is in the nature of a political protest against the continuance of the union with Sweden.

In spite of the action of the storthing last winter in legalizing the adoption of the separate Norwegian flag, an overwhelming majority of the people of Norway bitterly oppose the existing regime. Of late in both Norway and Sweden there has been an ominous increase of military and naval forces with clearly one object in view, the support if necessary by arms claims which may lead to an entire separation of the two countries.

The opposition to the continuance of the union is stronger in Norway than in Sweden, but even the Swedes contend that the existing union, which rests upon the Riksakt or Great Charter, declaring an irrevocable union without prejudice to the separate government, constitution and laws of each country, cannot be continued without modification of a radical character. Norway's political grievance is that she is deprived of her just share in the common government, but the principal grievances are of commercial origin and are provoked by the foreign trade interests of the two countries. Their commercial politics are diametrically opposed, Sweden having adopted proitectionism and Norway free trade.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Alexandra Mines Resume Work—Departure of Coal Ships.

Nanaimo, March 16.—(Special)—Work has been resumed in the Alexandra mines.

The steamship Siam sailed to-night with 5,000 tons of New Vancouver Co.'s coal for San Francisco.

The ship Lansing sailed for San Francisco this afternoon with a cargo of Wellington coal.

The steamship Wellington sailed this morning for San Francisco with Wellington coal.

PONTON'S NEXT TRIAL.

Crown Moves for Change of Venue Because Judge Was Mobbed at Napanee.

Toronto, March 16.—(Special)—Notice has been given that next week at Osgoode Hall the solicitors for the crown will move for a change of venue in the Penton case from Napanee. This disposes of the story in circulation in Eastern Ontario that the crown had decided not to continue the prosecution of W. H. Penton, the ex-bank clerk who is charged with complicity in the crime.

The crown will not specify any place of trial, but will leave the point at the option of the court. The disgraceful treatment accorded Justice Ferguson on the occasion of the trial last fall, will be used as an argument for the change of venue. The trial will likely take place at Cobourg.

FAT RAILWAY SCHEME.

Ontario and Rainy River Company Ask Huge Gifts From the Public.

Toronto, March 16.—(Special) — The World says: "The bonuses granted and asked for in connection with the Ontario and Rainy River railway aggregate slightly over $10,000 a mile. The actual figures are $2,936,800 for 283 miles.

"If the promoters receive the bonuses they are after, they will not only be enabled to build the Ontario and Rainy River railway without putting up a dollar of their own, but they will be able to pocket a large part of the money raised by the company's bonds. The promoters stand to make fortunes out of this enterprise. A through route running south of the Canadian Pacific from Lake Superior to the Pacific would pay handsomely.

"If the government had taken the matter in hand promptly it could have secured such a route without taxing the country a dollar. The opportunity fortunately has not completely eluded us. We may yet construct the Ontario and Rainy River railway as a government railway and with running rights over the Crow's Nest railway we might still have the basis of an independent transcontinental line."

Open Day and Night. Telephone 426.
J. E. PAINTER,
Wood cut to any required length by electrical machinery.
Wood and Coal at Current Prices
Truck and dray work done. Office, 25 Cormorant street; residence, 17 Pine street, Victoria West, Victoria.

SNOW BLOCKADE TERRORS.

Passengers Escaped After Three Weeks' Siege Describe Them as Worse Than War or Shipwreck.

Vincennes, Wyo., March 16.—The passengers and trainmen who have been prisoners for three weeks on the Cheyenne & Northern passenger train which has been in the snow drifts at Iron mountain for that length of time, travelled 10 miles on snowshoes yesterday to where the road was open, and were brought here by a special train.

Col. Pritchard, of Chicago, one of the passengers, says of the trip: "I have been in war, shipwrecked, and in a railway collision, but I have had no experience to equal this of the past two weeks. We were stalled in a high, bleak desert, where blizzards raged every day. We were short of provisions part of the time, sick with dysentery from drinking snow water and eating poorly cooked food, frozen at night, unable to change our clothes or wash, and generally demoralized and miserable. This morning we ate the last of our stock of provisions, and were brought out just in time to save us from serious sickness."

CRUISER IN BAD STATE

Inquest Into Stoker's Death Reveals Facts Pointing to Naval Scandal.

Danger of Explosion at Any Moment Caused Panic in Engineers' Quarters.

By Associated Press.

Portsmouth, March 16.—An inquest opened here to-day into the circumstances of the death of a stoker of the British first-class cruiser Terrible, who was killed by a boiler explosion on board the cruiser while she was on her way from Malta to Devonport.

The evidence showed that during the course of the homeward voyage of the vessel a steam pipe burst, and that at various times the fires had to be drawn from under the boilers in order to prevent a disaster.

The stokers and engineers were almost in a state of panic, and were afraid to go on duty, not knowing at what moment an explosion might occur.

VANCOUVER AND VICINITY.

Jury Give Damages in Suit Against C. P. R.—Atlin Gold Freely Found.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, March 16.—According to George Black, who arrived to-day direct from Atlin, mining matters are badly mixed there. One claim has become notorious with 13 stakes and almost as many applications, a number of which have been recorded. "I saw a claim staked by a Russian," he says, "and staked over again by a Canadian, and the Canadian got it." There are many new finds, but the localities are being kept secret, though the gold is shown. Two Frenchmen are taking $25 a day each out of their claim now.

An association composed of mining men and brokers in the city is being formed, with the idea of starting a mining exchange, for the purpose of getting by wire the latest information regarding mines and stocks.

Provincial Constable Jones, stationed up the Coast, is said to be dangerously ill.

A report of the Deadman's island delegation interview with the Ottawa authorities published in the Ottawa Citizen would indicate that there may be no sawmill on the island after all. The government had only heard Mr. Maxwell's side of the story, and when the rest came out the ministers seemed to take a new interest in the matter.

There was a protracted sitting of the Supreme court last night in connection with the suit of W. D. Wood against the C. P. R. for the loss of a foot by accident. The jury answered nine questions favorably to the plaintiff and assessed the damage at $6,500. Question 4, however, was not answered satisfactorily to all concerned. In brief it was, "Who was to blame?" The answer was "The defendants." The question as to this answer being sufficient will be argued later.

SUCCEEDS LORD HERSCHELL.

London, March 16.—Baron Russell of Killowen, Lord Chief Justice of England, has been appointed to succeed the late Baron Herschell on the Venezuelan arbitration commission.

CHICAGO MAYORALTY.

Chicago, March 16.—The Democratic city convention to-day nominated Carter H. Harrison to succeed himself as mayor. The platform adopted steers clear of national issues, and the mayor will stand on his record against the Allan bill and other street railway legislation.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

Some Exclusive Information for the French Members in the Speech From the Throne.

Sealing Wax Holding Quebec Member to His Seat—Tribute to Late J. F. Wood.

Col. Hughes Asks Concessions for Militia—Bills to Restrict Immigration.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, March 16.—There was a great crush on Parliament hill to-day both inside and outside the building. Generally at the opening of a new gubernatorial term there is greater than usual pressure for places at the opening ceremonies, and to-day's gathering was fully the equal of any in recent years. The assemblage in the senate chamber was of a most brilliant character, every available seat being taken. The costumes of the ladies were of a most elegant description. Lord Minto appeared in full court costume, including white knee breeches, a style which Lansdowne inaugurated. The Governor-General was attended by a brilliant suite including Gen. Lord Seymour and Gen. Hutton. Extra precautions were taken to prevent the hoi polloi from entering the chamber with the members, with the result that the space behind the bar did not contain such a miscellaneous aggregation as has been customary for some years past.

After the reading of the speech from the throne and other opening ceremonies, two new members, Messrs. Yeo and Carmichael, were introduced. The Senate then adjourned until Monday.

In the Commons six new members elected during the recess took their seats. Leighton was introduced by Messrs. Stubbs and Douglas, Patron members. The Speaker announced that he had received the resignation of Mr. Guite, M.P. for Bonaventure, dated December 16, but he had informed the honorable member that he could not issue a warrant on account of the resignation not being according to law, as it lacked the requisite seal. The Speaker therefore laid the matter before parliament for such action as the house might determine.

The Speaker also read a letter from Mrs. Gladstone, thanking the house for the resolution of condolence passed last session.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier moved, seconded by Sir Charles Tupper, that the house adjourn until Monday out of respect to the memory of the late Hon. John F. Wood. The Premier referred in appropriate terms to the death of Dr. Guay and Mr. Jameson. Sir Charles Tupper spoke of the great ability of Mr. Wood, as a professional man, as a minister of the crown, and as a parliamentarian.

The Commons then adjourned until Monday. Several members will go to Brockville to-morrow to attend Mr. Wood's funeral. A beautiful wreath rested on the desk of the late member to-day, a tribute from his friends on the Conservative side.

Attention is called to a curious fact in connection with the speech from the throne. The French version states in reference to the Washington negotiations that "an agreement has been reached on several of the questions at issue," and that the disagreement arose over the boundary question. The English version simply speaks of considerable progress having been made with the questions other than the boundary.

Col. Prior and Mr. Maxwell both give notice of questions relative to Deadman's island.

Col. Hughes wants to see the Imperial government enrol a brigade of Canadian officers and men for Imperial service abroad, also the establishment of a pension system for the permanent corps and free transportation for two men from each battalion to the Dominion rifle matches.

Mr. Moore wants coal oil placed on the free list.

As the government has given no sign of introducing an insolvency bill, Mr. Fortin will again present the measure drafted by the Canadian boards of trade.

Mr. Maxwell will move to increase the Chinese poll tax to $500.

Mr. McInnes will introduce a bill to further restrict immigration based on the lines of the Natal measure.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

The English version of the speech read by His Excellency was as follows:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In meeting you for the first time since entering on my duties as representative of Her Majesty in this Dominion, it affords me great pleasure to be able to congratulate you on the large degree of prosperity which the people of Canada at present enjoy, as evidenced by the expansion of trade and commerce, the flourishing condition of the public revenues and the increased number of immigrants who have become permanent settlers amongst us. To those evidences may be added another, which is even more gratifying, the almost total ces-

(Continued on page 2.)

ATHLETE AND SWEET CAPORAL
10 CENTS PER PACKET.
CIGARETTES
H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING TOBACCONIST
Salmon Block, - Victoria.

SHERIFF KILLS POLICE.

Faction Fight in Arkansas Street Results in Loss of Five Men's Lives.

First Round of Shooting Had No Result But They "Had it Out" Later.

By Associated Press.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 16.—Five lives were lost here at six o'clock this evening in a factional fight over the coming mayoralty election. The dead are: Thomas Toler, chief of police; J. B. Hart, city detective; Thomas F. Coslee, police sergeant; John Williams, son of Sheriff Williams, and Louis Handley, driver of a brewery wagon.

The shooting occurred on Central avenue, a principal thoroughfare. It grew out of the mayoralty campaign under way here. The sheriff was a warm supporter of the regular Democratic nominee, while Toler, Hart and Coslee were supporting an opposition candidate. Early in the afternoon shots were exchanged between Sheriff Williams and his son John one one side and Sergeant Coslee on the other, but no one was injured.

After this both parties determined to have it out. Toler, Hart and Coslee were walking south on Central avenue at about half past five o'clock, when they were met by Sheriff Williams and his two sons, John and Coffey, and Ed. Spears. No one can tell who fired the first shots, but in a moment there was a general fusilade, in which forty or fifty shots were exchanged. When it was over Toler, Hart, Coslee and Handley, a non-combatant, were dead, and John Williams was mortally wounded.

The mayor immediately after the shooting appointed Judge Belding chief of police. Deputies were at once sworn in and all saloons were ordered closed. No further trouble is anticipated.

MURDERERS' EVIL PLIGHT.

One About to Be Hanged While Other Has Confession Admitted Against Him.

Port Arthur, March 16—(Special)—The scaffold on which Oliver Prevost, the French-Canadian condemned for the murder of D'Aubin and Corrier, is to be hanged to-morrow morning was completed this afternoon, and all is in readiness for the last scene of the most horrible tragedy ever enacted in Algoma. The chief actor, Prevost, is now calmly resigned, apparently the least concerned of all about the town. When he saw the carpenters at work on the scaffold he exclaimed to the gaoler: "They are getting ready for their butchering."

Winnipeg, March 16.—The trial of Wasyl Guzzeak, charged with being implicated in the murder of Bojoczko and his children, reached an important stage to-day, when after hearing the argument of counsel Justice Killam decided that Guzzeak's confession made before the magistrate could be admitted as evidence against him. This statement or confession will be put in by the crown, probably at to-morrow's session of the court.

LINEN AND LACE BURNED.

Two Large Buildings in New York Entirely Destroyed.

New York, March 17.—Fire broke out about 1:30 o'clock this morning in the two five story houses belonging to A. H. Hague & Co., at 654 Broadway, and Elliott & Co.'s building nearby. When the fire was discovered the flames and gained such a headway that the fire department had but little to do but save the property adjoining. The Hague house is a large linen importing house and the Elliott company importers of laces. The total loss will amount to several hundred thousand dollars, as the entire stock of both companies and the buildings themselves were destroyed.

THE POPE'S CONDITION.

Extreme Weakness Makes Healing of Wound Slow—Physicians Make Favorable Report.

Rome, March 16.—Professor Mazzoni and Dr. Lapponi, the Pope's physicians, deny all the alarmist rumors that have been put in circulation regarding the condition of His Holiness. They declare that the wound caused by the recent operation is about healed, that the Pope's lungs and heart are absolutely healthy, and that his weakness is not more than is natural in a nonogenarian.

On the other hand, the newspapers print a variety of reports. While the Tribune states that His Holiness has resumed his usual avocations, giving audiences, etc., the Opinion declares that he had several fainting fits during the day, and the Fanfulla avers that weakness and other signs of breaking up are increasing.

London, March 16.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says the worst symptom of the Pope's condition is extreme weakness, which is responsible for the slow healing of the wound. The bandages were only removed to-day (Thursday). Moreover, His Holiness refuses to take complete rest from the affairs of state, and his doctors have been compelled to promise him that he may attend the ceremony in the Sistine chapel on April 11 in honor of St. Leo.

STRATHCONA ILL.

New York, March 16.—A London despatch to the Sun says: "Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canadian high commissioner in London, is seriously ill with influenza at Lunenville, France."

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

sation of a considerable exodus of our population, which at one time was a regrettable feature of our affairs.

The negotiations which were set on foot during the recess between Her Majesty's government and that of the United States in reference to the settlement of certain questions in dispute between Canada and the latter country were, I grieve to say, greatly delayed by the illness and subsequent death of two of the most eminent members of the commission appointed for that purpose. Considerable progress has been made on several of the subjects submitted, but a serious disagreement arose between Her Majsety's commissioners and the commissioners of the United States on the question of the delimitation of boundary between Canada and Alaska. The question was referred by the commissioners to their respective governments, the commission being adjourned to the second day of August next in the hope that in the meantime the difficulty might be overcome.

In compliance with the act passed last session a plebiscite was held on the question of prohibition. The official figures of the vote will be placed before you.

I observe with pleasure that the Mother Country, Canada and other British possessions have recently adopted a penny postage letter rate. The satisfaction with which this action has been received by Canadian people is further proof of the general desire existing amongst our people for closer relations with the Mother Country and the rest of the Empire.

I am also glad to be able to state that the satisfactory condition of the finances of the country permitted the reduction, on the first of January last, of the Canadian domestic letter rate, from three to two cents, and although such a reduction involves a temporary loss of revenue, it is nevertheless confidently expected that the cheapened rate will prove of such service in the promotion of trade and in the general interchange of correspondence that within a reasonable time the revenue of the post office department will be restored to its former figure.

Much information has been obtained since you last met relative to the extent and value of the deposits of gold and valuable minerals in the Yukon and other parts of Canada. The returns from the Yukon have so far proved sufficient to meet the heavy expenditure is was found necessary to incur for the purpose of preserving law and order, and it has been thought expedient in the public interest to authorize the construction of a telegraph line for the purpose of maintaining speedy communication with the people of those distant territories.

A measure will be submitted to you for the better arrangement of the electoral districts throughout the Dominion, as also several enactments of less importance.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The public accounts will be laid before you and also the estimates for the coming year. They have been prepared with due regard to efficiency and economy, and the responsibilities arising from the rapid progress of the country.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I am confident that the important subjects I have mentioned to you will receive your serious consideration, and that it will be your earnest endeavor to promote the public interests and prosperity of Canada.

TROUBLE FOR CHINA.

British and American Governments Urged to Take Vigorous Action.

London, March 16.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says the preposterous demands of the Chinese have brought the negotiations for the extension of the cosmopolitan settlement to a deadlock, and the British and American association, which met jointly to-day (Thursday) to advocate united action by the two governments, adopted resolutions of the most vigorous character, which will be transmitted to London and Washington.

BLACK PUGILIST WINS.

Fierce Fight With Australian Ended in the Thirteenth Round.

New York, March 16.—Joe Wolcott, the Barbadoes negro pugilist, met and defeated Billy Edwards, of Australia, in the thirteenth round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout at the Broadway Athletic clubhouse here to-night. The fight was fierce on both sides from start to finish.

FILIPINOS DISPOSED OF.

President Has Private Advices That They Will Give In in Few Days.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 16.—United States Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, said here to-day that President McKinley has lately received private advices to the effect that the Philippine republic was on its last legs. The Senator said he had received this information from sources very near to the President and that the latter anticipated the final collapse of Aguinaldo's government and complete possession by Gen. Otis within a few days.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORERS.

Steamer Returns With Report of Safe Landing of Party.

Wellington, N.Z., March 16.—The Antactic exploring expedition's steamer Southern Cross has arrived at Port Chalmers, N. Z., after landing Borchgrevink and his party at Cape Aliar, Victoria Land. She reports that all the explorers were in good health when landed.

"OLD HUTCH" DEAD.

Chicago, March 16.—Benj. F. Hutchison, at one time the leading grain speculator in the United States, died to-night at Lake Geneva, Wis.

AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS

MARTELL'S THREE STAR BRANDY.

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

DOMINION DESPATCHES

James Beatty of Toronto Dies of Apoplexy Sons of England New Officers.

Halifax Theatre Burned to the Ground—Bank Manager Resigns—Ogilvie's Mill.

Special To The Colonist.

SONS OF ENGLAND.

Ottawa, March 16.—Dr. Hodgetts, Toronto, was elected grand president of the Sons of England to-day, and Fred. Cook, Ottawa, grand vice-president. Col. Prior was accorded a splendid reception by the grand lodge.

JAMES BEATTY DEAD.

Toronto, March 16.—James Beatty, Q. C., ex-mayor and ex-M. P. for Toronto, is dead, aged 67, from the effects of a paralytic stroke received several weeks ago. He was senior partner in the legal firm of Beatty, Snow & Smith, and sat in the house for West Toronto.

AN ONTARIO MINE.

Toronto, March 16.—News of the last clean-up at the Golden Star mine, Seine river, was received to-day. The clean-up amounts to $15,500 in bullion and $10,000 in concentrates—a total of $25,500 for a period of something less than a month.

BANK MANAGER RESIGNS.

Kingston, March 16.—G. A. Robinson, manager of the Bank of British North America, has resigned.

THEATRE BURNED.

Halifax, March 16.—The Lyceum theatre building, originally known as the Halifax temperance hall, and for years the principal theatre in this city, was completely destroyed by fire last night, being burned to the ground.

OGILVIE'S MILLS.

Montreal, March 16.—W. W. Ogilvie, the well-known mill-owner, is flooded with offers for mill sites since he declared he would move from Montreal rather than pay taxes upon his machinery, which may be imposed according to an act passed at the last meeting of the legislature.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Winnipeg, March 16.—There was nothing out of the ordinary at to-day's opening of the Manitoba legislature. A large crowd attended the formal ceremony. The speech from the throne reviews the progress of the province during the past year, and intimates that a redistribution bill will be introduced before the session closes.

PLOT AGAINST MAGAZINES.

Russia Warned of It the Day Before Explosion Near Toulon.

London, March 16.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "A startling story, emanating from an absolutely trustworthy source, is forwarded from St. Petersburg. It appears that on the day preceding the explosion of the navy powder magazine at La Coubran, near Toulon, the Russian minister of war, Lieut.-General Kapotkine, received telegraphic warning that both the Toulon and St. Petersburg powder stores would be exploded within 24 hours. He immediately drove to the powder magazine and after an inspection gave every employee three days' leave, installing fresh guards and establishing a military cordon and taking other precautions."

DREYFUS HAS A CHANGE.

Belief That the Exile Has Been Removed to French Guiana.

Kingston, Jamaica, March 16.—A correspondent at Cayenne, capital of French Guiana, writes that Dreyfus, the famous French military prisoner, is exciting little public interest there, but that private circles feel strongly against him, some predicting his return to his place of captivity on Devil's island, off that coast. This is looked upon here as implying that Dreyfus was removed from Devil's island to Cayenne.

Paris, March 16.—The Figaro publishes a report of an interview with the Pope, had by its correspondent in Rome, in which His Holiness expressed his astonishment at the passions which had been aroused in France over the Dreyfus question, adding that it was perfectly true that France had always been at the head of civilization or barbarism. The Pope deprecated the attempt to transform the affair into a war of race or religion, declaring that now that the matter had been relegated to the highest court of the republic, the report of that tribunal should be awaited with tranquillity.

GEORGIA MOB MURDERS.

Governor Offers Reward for Persons Implicated in Slaying Negro Prisoners.

Atlanta, March 16.—Governor Chandler to-day issued a proclamation offering a reward of $500 for the apprehension and delivery of the first member of the mob and a further reward of $100 for each additional person implicated, in the killing of four negroes at Palmetto this morning. The Governor said: "I regard this outrage as simply inexcusable. These men had been arrested, as I am informed, and as there was proof at hand to convict them the law was amply able to punish them."

SIX FROZEN ON VALDEZ.

Party of Eastern American Prospectors Perish Miserably in Alaska.

Seattle, March 16.—The steamer Excelsior, which arrived to-night from the mouth of Copper river, Alaska, brings news of the freezing to death of six men on Valdaz glacier about March 1.

They were Adolph Erhard, New York; Max Miller, New York; Dr. E. Logan, Denver; Rudolph Ellerkamp, Louisville, Ky.; and August Schultze, New York.

All the bodies except that of Dr. Logan were recovered and buried at Valdez.

MARTINO'S MISTAKE.

London, March 16.—A despatch to the Chronicle from Rome says that Lord Salisbury, through Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, has thanked Admiral Canevaro, Italian minister of foreign affairs, for Italy's prompt and loyal action in the Martino incident.

Millinery Opening at the Bon Ton on Wednesday, March the 15th and following days.

MEDICAL BILL BENEFICIARY.

Proof of Statement That Recent Amendment Was to Cover Appointment Already Arranged.

When the legislature had under consideration the bill to amend the Medical act so as to strike out the provision that holders of medical appointments in this province must go through the formality of applying for registration, passing the board of examiners, and paying the registration fee of the medical society, the Colonist printed a statement on the subject containing this paragraph:

"It is stated on excellent authority that Dr. McKechnie has a young friend in Montreal or some other Eastern city who is ambitious to enter the services of British Columbia as—for a starter—assistant to the medical superintendent of the insane asylum at New Westminster, and indeed has already been promised the appointment."

In the legislature next day, Hon. Dr. McKechnie in moving the third reading of the bill, stated "that although he had received a protest from the medical association of New Westminster, that protest had been based on an erroneous editorial in the Colonist, not only erroneous but untrue, and was therefore not entitled to the consideration it would otherwise command." This was on the 6th of February.

Now on the 16th of March the appointment of the Montreal young man is gazetted, and the medical association in New Westminster in view of the treatment of their petition will read with peculiar interest this description of the appointee taken from the government organ in Victoria:

"Dr. Manchester, of Montreal, whose appointment to the position of assistant medical officer at the New Westminster insane asylum is announced in another column, has had a training which fits him admirably for the position. He is a native of Ottawa, and took his course in medicine at McGill University, Montreal, where he had as a classmate Dr. E. C. Hart of this city, both gentlemen graduating in 1894.

"After graduating Dr. Manchester served for a year as surgeon of Montreal general hospital, leaving that post to accept that of assistant to Dr. Burgess, the medical officer in charge of the Verdun insane asylum, near Montreal. He has been connected with this institution for over three years, leaving it shortly to take up his duties at New Westminster. He has never followed a general practice, but has devoted his attention since graduation entirely to the work which he will continue in this province.

"Dr. Manchester is about 30 years of age, and is still unmarried. He is spoken of by those familiar with his course in college as an able man, who wil adorn the office which he has been appointed to fill.'

GETTING CATTLE TO DAWSON.

Man of Experience Points Out the One Safe Route.

C. M. Walker, of Salem, who has recently returned from the Klondike, after having driven in and butchered 1,000 beef steers, is stopping at the Perkins, while preparing to go on another trip of the same kind. He acts as foreman in charge of the cattle, which belong to a Canadian corporation known as "Syndicate No. 1." The stock were purchased in Montana and shipped from Deer Lodge over the Northern Pacific to Seattle, thence to Pyramid harbor by steamer. At this point they were unloaded and driven over the mountains, striking the Upper Yukon at Selkirk, where the cattle were slaughtered as soon as the weather became cold enough to keep the meat in a frozen condition for the remainder of the season. This was last October. The venture paid its promoters very well, as less than 2 per cent. of the steers were lost on the route, and most of the beef sold in Dawson, by the side, at 50 cents a pound. Selkirk is 182 miles above Dawson, and the fresh beef was rafted down this distance with comparative ease. The company still has some 60 beeves frozen in the warehouse at Selkirk, and, as the price has dropped to 25 cents, these will not fetch much over the expense of purchasing and bringing them in.

Mr. Walker says the Pyramid harbor route i sthe only feasible one on which to take stock into the Northwest Territory, as thos droves attempting to reach the Klondike overland from some point on the Canadian Pacific have all met with disaster. One man, who tried the all-land route, has now 400 tons of beef stored at the mouth of the Hootalinqua, and as this cannot be brought out to Dawson, there is no way of preventing its becoming a total loss when the weather turns warm again.

Harris Bros., of North Yakima, started with a band of 250 3-year- old steers from Edmonton early last spring, the the outfit has never been heard of since. He thinks that both men and animals have been overtaken in some blinding storm and that all have perished.

His company has 100 head of horses wintering very well, so far, on the banks of the Yukon, opposite Selkirk. When he left there last month the horses were still fat, there being browse enough within easy access, and the snow, which was only about 20 inches deep, was soft enough for the animals to paw through in search of the shorter grasses. These animals will be sold to prospectors in the spring, as they cannot be taken back to Montana without heavy expense. A new lot of horses will therefore be purchased when he starts the second lot of beef steers from Montana this spring.

While beef is down to 25 cents a pound at Dawson, mutton is worth $1.25, as very few sheep have been taken in. Pork is never lower than $1.50, owing to the difficulty of getting live hogs down the river. Recently a scowload of porkers belonging to a Portland man named Courtney sunk below Five Finger rapids, and the cargo became a total loss.

SMALL COMFORT IN THIS.

Crow's Nest Labor Investigation to End in Resolution for Further Reference.

Montreal, March 16.—(Special) — Sir Wilfrid Laurier has addressed to the Trades and Labor Council the following reply to certain requests regarding the hardships of laborers in the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway, dated Ottawa, March 13:

"On my return from Washington I considered the report of the investigation made by Judge Dugas into the manner in which work had been carried on in connection with the Crow's Nest Pass railway. In your letter of January 3rd and in that which you sent me March 1st you ask that the government render justice to the laborers, who have worked on the road, according to the report made by Judge Dugas.

"After having carefully studied the report, I fear you have been wrongly informed concerning what it contains. I find therein no recommendation that might apply to the laborers who had worked on the road. The report, after stating the facts, makes some recommendations for the future, which will be found in the translation herewith enclosed. I send you, at the same time, a complete copy of the report and should be very happy to receive any representations which you may have to make after consideration of this letter."

HICKMAN TYE Hardware Co., - LIMITED.-

Importers of...

Iron, Steel, Hardware, Pipe Fittings, Cutlery,

MINING and MILLING SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

Miners going to Klondike and Atlin Gold Fields should call and inspect our stock of Tools, etc.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., Tel. 59.

P. O. DRAWER 613.

STOCKS, METALS AND PRODUCE.

Sugar Takes Wild Flight in New York—Gains the Rule All Round.

New York, March 16.—The Commercial Advertiser's financial cable from London says: "The markets here continue quiet and irregular. Americans were stagnant to-day till after hours, when St. Paul jumped a dollar, the others following on New York buying. Coppers were firm. Tintos were 40⅛; Utahs, 8⅝; Bostons, 2⅝. Loans due the bank were renewed."

New York, March 16.—The sensational rise in Sugar was largely responsible for the elimination of much of the short interest in the rest of the list, material gains appearing, notably among the specialties, while the railways at the high point averaged 1½ up; but there were recessions from the best, and the market closed under pressure. It was a wild day on the exchange, Sugar figuring for over a quarter of a million shares, with the aggregate trading reaching a million shares.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Mch 15	Mch 16
Amn. Tob	213	213
Amn. Sugar	140¾	158⅛
Amn. Spirits	14	13⅝
Atchison	20⅞	21¼
Can. Pacific	84⅞	85⅞
Can. Southern	54½	57
Ches. & Ohio	26½	26¾
C. B. & Q	139⅝	142
Chic. Gas	115	116
C. R. I. & P	116½	117⅝
C. M. & St. P	127	127⅞
Cons. Gas, N. Y	216¼	217¼
C. C. C. & St. L	57¼	58
D. L. & W	164½	..
Del. & Hud	115	..
D. & R. G. pfd	72	71⅞
Gen. Elec	118	118
Jersey Central	112½	111⅝
L. E. & W. pfd	..	66
Louisville & N	63⅝	64¼
Man. Elev	105½	108⅞
Mo. Pac	46⅛	46⅞
Nat. Lead	..	34⅝
Nor. Amn. Co	..	9¼
N. P. com	47¾	51
N. P. pfd	77⅞	78⅝
N. Y. C. & H	133⅞	..
N. Y. O. & W	27¼	27¼
Pac. Mail	48	47⅞
Phil. & R., all paid	23¾	23¼
Pullman	157½	159
Southern Ry. com	12¾	12⅝
Tenn. C. & I	49½	..
Texas & Pacific	23¼	24
U. S. Leather	6½	..
U. S. Rubber	50¼	50¾
U. P. Receipts	43¾	44⅜
Wabash pfd	21⅛	21⅞
Western Union	94⅛	94¼
Met. St. Ry	253¼	256
Brooklyn R. T	99⅝	100¼
C. P. R. in London	87½	87⅞
Com. Cable in Montreal	190	190

New York, March 16.—Money on call, firm at 3½ per cent.; last loan, 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¼ to 4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, weak at $4.85¼ to ½ for demand and at $4.83 to ¼ for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.84 to ½ and $4.86 to ½. Commercial bills, $4.82½ to ¾.

New York, March 16.—Silver certificates, 60½c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 47½c.

Copper, easy. Lead, firmer; brokers, $4.20; exchange, $4.45 to $4.47½.

Tin, firm; straits, $23.85 to $23.95; plates, firm.

Rosin, firm. Turpentine, steady. Pig iron, firm; Southern, $12.25 to $15.25, Northern, $13 to $15.

New York, March 16.—Wheat closed: March, 79¼c; April, 72¾c; May, 72⅞c; July, 71½c; Sept., 69½c.

Chicago, March 16.—Wheat closed: May, 67½ to 67¾c; July, 66½ to 66⅝c. Corn, May, 34⅛c; July, 24⅝ to ¾c; Sept., 33¼c. Oats, May, 25⅝c; July, 24c.

DIED.

STRATFORD—On the 14th inst., at the family residence, Victoria West, Annie R., the beloved wife of John H. Stratford.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

PICHON & LENFESTY,

54 Johnson Street

Dealers in all kinds of Fishermen's Requisites and Sporting Goods.

Just arrived, a fine assortment of fishing tackle, direct from the manufacturers. Give us a call.

Tenders For Meters,

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday, April 4th next, for supplying to the Corporation of the City of Victoria a quantity of meters in accordance with specifications to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Wm W. NORTHCOTT.

Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., March 15th, 1899.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. M. GRAHAME,

(Successor to Loewenberg, Harris & Co.)

FINANCIAL, REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENT,

Rents and Interest Collected.

41 Government St., Victoria.

The Stock Exchange

TO OUR CLIENTS:

We advise you to hold, and, if possible, to double your holdings on those stocks we have during the past few days advised you to buy. We are pleased many of you acted on our "hint." We do not claim to know of all the good things, but when we are convinced that a certain stock is a good thing, you have never yet been disappointed. We expect certain information about noon to-day which will give us a pretty correct idea as to what certain stocks are going to do, and if we do not see you in the meantime, call later in the day.

We quote, subject to previous sale:

ATHABASCA	50
FAIRVIEW CORPORATION, LTD	25
RAMBLER-CARIBOO	38
NOBLE FIVE	31
DARDANELLES	12
EVENING STAR	11½
LITTLE CARIBOO	04½
OKANOGAN	14
WATERLOO	12½
VAN ANDA	04½
LONE PINE	38
FONTENOY	10

For other quotations call at our Exchange List your stocks with us.

By the bye, we must refer to the no stock exchange business again in a day or two; it will be interesting.

GUTHBERT & GOMP'Y.

The Oldest Established Mining Brokerage Office in British Columbia, 15 and 17 Trounce Avenue.

CITY CARPENTER

Applications, accompanied by testimonials, will be received at the office of the undersigned up to the 20th day of March instant, at 1 p.m., for the position of City Carpenter.

Salary at the rate of $70 per month.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, March 15th, 1899.

W. F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

(Heidelberg and Leipzig.)

Late official analyist for the province of New Brunswick. Assays and analyses of ores, minerals, fertilizers, waters, drugs liquors, foods, etc. Office, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C.

WANTED.

Y.W.C.A., 32 Rae street—Terms, $4 a week; $15 a month. Tea and light refreshments served at all hours of the day. For all particulars apply to Mrs. Schroeder, lady superintendent. m12

WANTED—200 people to learn the Mezzo Tinting. Klein, Hotel Victoria. m17

WANTED—Situation as clerk, bookkeeper, or anything else, by a European middle-aged man, speaking several languages; small pretences. Inform proprietor Russ House. m17

WANTED—Anybody can earn a good living if they learn the Tinting. Klein, Hotel Victoria. m71

WANTED—500 cords wood at Van Anda mine, Texada; to be cut in surrounding woods, and delivered at Copper Queen shaft. For further information apply to E. J. Saunders & Co., Victoria, B. C.

SITTING ROOM AND BEDROOM required for gentleman and wife, with board; first-class; all conveniences; state terms. Reply G. R., Colonist. m16

GIRL WANTED—20 Front street, Victoria West, opposite school. m15

WANTED—A nursemaid. Summerdyne, Oak Bay avenue. m12

WANTED—A woman to assist with house work and care of baby. 46 Rae street.

WANTED—Comfortable furnished room in quiet residence; breakfast; bath. State terms. Address B. L., Colonist office. m7

WANTED—Good girl; wages $20; nursemaid kept. P. O. drawer 631. m 4

HAVE your boots and shoes repaired by Nangle, the prize boot and shoemaker. He don't charge credit prices. Repairing depot, 56 Fort street. fy12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS ONE Cent Per Word Per Insertion. Cash. No Charge Less Than 25 Cents.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Wednesday, 15th instant, black and tan collie pup, about 2 months old. Please return to Mrs. J. W. Mellor, 234 Fort street. m17

STRAYED—From "Dumballoch," Menzies street, an Alaskan dog. Anyone finding same kindly communicate with the gardener. m17

MISCELLANEOUS.

EARNED $40 in two weeks from Tinting. They learned from Klein, at Victoria hotel. m17

MRS. FRASER has removed her dressmaking parlors from the White House to No. 35 Fort street. m11

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge. A.O.U.W. hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday. J. G. Taylor, secretary.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE—2nd and 4th Monday in A.O.U.W. hall. Englishmen welcome.

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Housekeeping rooms. Apply 128 Quadra street. m17

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—Pleasantly situated; all modern conveniences; tennis court, etc.; terms moderate. Apply A. W. More & Co. m17

Y.W.C.A., 32 Rae street—Board, $4 a week; $15 a month. Tea and light refreshments served at all hours of the day. For all Particulars apply to Mrs. Schroeder, lady superintendent. m12

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board, or for light housekeeping; terms very moderate. Apply 60 Fort street. m16

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET on Dallas road; 9 rooms, and all modern conveniences; tennis court, etc. For rent apply to A. W. More & Co., Agents, 86 Government street. m16

TO LET—A small house of two rooms, and boat and boat house, on Shawnigan lake, at $6 per month, for the season of six months. Apply to D. D. McIntosh, James Bay. m15

COMFORTABLE HOUSEKEEPING rooms, private house, use of kitchen; no other roomers; central. B. S., Colonist. m15

TO RENT—Beautifully furnished rooms, single or en suite. Apply Mrs. F. B. Williams, Balmoral, Douglas street. m15

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—Single, en suite or unfurnished. 90 Douglas street. m15

TWO GENTLEMAN can have rooms and board in a delightful residence near Beacon Hill; all requirements. Address Y. G., this office. m12

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite. 182 Fort street. m8

TO RENT—Stevens' hotel; furnished, with first-class orchard, driving shed, stable and paddock. Apply to John Stevens, on the premises. f7

FOR SALE.

NEW LAID EGGS, 25c. doz.; 21 bread loaves for $1; cod fish blocks, 2 pounds, 20c.; three tins owl milk, 25c.; ham, bacon, cheese, etc.; best quality. D. J. Kinarny, cor. Johnson and Quadra.

FOR SALE—3 claims above discovery on Sheep creek, 1 claim below discovery on Stray gulch, between Otter and Pine, Atlin, $500 each. Apply to H. A. R., care Colonist office.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Large restaurant, in good locality; owner leaving city, desires to sell. Address J. K., Colonist office. m16

FOR SALE OR CHARTER—A steamer, suitable for cannery, towing or prospectors, etc., etc. For particulars apply P. O. box 143, Victoria. m15

FOR SALE—Stock, implements and feed, on Sidney Island; also to lease, the island; good improvements. For particulars apply 64 Kings road. m15

EGGS from Silver-laced Wyandottes for hatching; choice strain; $1.00 per sitting. Leave orders at Dixi Ross'. Mrs. R. M. Palmer. m14

HORSE FOR SALE—Good driving black horse, suitable for lady or gentleman. Address A., Colonist office. m10

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Cottage, with 3 acres of land; fine road; 3 miles from post office; first-class chicken ranch. B., 82 Douglas street. f11

MOSS' FIRST-PRIZE SWEET PEAS at 15 cents per oz.; 45 named kinds; 5 cents per packet, or 6 for 25 cents; gladiolas, light colors, $1.00, 50 cents and 25 cents per dozen; Uncle Sam's prize potatoes and Freeman's early potatoes, 25 cents per pound, or 5 pounds for $1.00. The above sent to any address on receipt of money. J. Moss, florist, 99 Quadra street. m5

FARM FOR SALE—About half value, 188 acres of good land on the Koksilah river; 3½ miles from Cowichan Station, E. & N. railway; 140 acres enclosed, 60 acres pasture; timothy grass, etc., 12 acres cleared and fenced; orchard, house, barns, etc. good water and fishing, etc.; government road; first-class terms, if required, to reasonable person; got to be sold or given away; can meet purchasers at the station; come and see this property, and tel your price, etc. Address Dan Stewart Cowichan Station P. O. m12

FIRST-CLASS OPENING to one who can afford to wait a little—Lot or sale, very cheap, $2,000, the Cowichan Lake hotel, Vancouver Island; has warranted a good rent ($1,000) for several years, and will again, when the logging starts; charter for railway applied for; good opening to combine stock farming, having 160 acres, with lots of feed. Apply L. D., 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria, B. C. m1

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Leaving the country. One of the most beautiful homes on Vancouver Island; on the Quamichan Lake; 2½ miles from railway (Duncan); 69 or 118 acres, as desired; nearly half cleared; 13-room house (hot and cold water); large double barn and other buildings; close to first-class trout and salmon fishing, shooting, etc., also to good tennis club. Apply to L. D., 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria, B. C. m1

LIPTON'S... Sugar Cured Hams AND Bacon.....

FOR SALE BY

...JAMESON...

GROCER,

33 Fort Street, - - Telephone 128

THE BIBLE SOCIETY.

Annual Meeting Held in the Metropolitan Methodist Church Last Evening.

The annual meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society was held last evening in the Metropolitan Methodist church. Mr. N. Shakespeare, president of the society, in the chair. The meeting was opened with devotional exercises conducted by Revs. W. D. Barber and W. L. Clay, and following this came the reports of the president and secretary, which were received and adopted, that of the latter being as follows:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:—It is with feelings of great pleasure that I present to you the annual report of the Victoria branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society, this being my first report, in consequence of the honor you bestowed upon me in electing me as secretary and treasurer at your last general meeting. During the year your executive committee have held five meetings, which have been well attended and full of interest. After looking over several annual reports of previous years, I believe it is not too much to state that this past year has been one of the most important, and has shown an advance along all lines of Bible work, more than in any previous years. We account for this from the fact that we have secured the services of a most active and efficient colporteur in the person of Mr. T. W. Martindale, late a student of Moody's Institute at Chicago. Mr. Martindale commenced his work as colporteur with us on July 4, 1898, and has steadily pushed out into all the outlying districts in the vicinity of Victoria, Saanich, Sooke, Chemainus, Comox, Union, Salt Spring and other larger islands.

During this time it is interesting to note that he has travelled 2,828 miles in conveyances ranging from "shank's pony" to an Indian dugout. In his travels he has visited 4,818 families and individuals, sold 517 Bibles and 129 Testaments. He has given a copy of the Word to 42 families and individuals who were too poor to buy a Bible or Testament. In his personal visitations he has a large field for personal work with people who have not been inside a church door for many years, on account of the isolated positions of their ranches, far removed from the blessings we who live in the city enjoy. He tells us that in many instances it is wonderful how eager the people are to get a copy of the Bible. It is also pleasing to note the large number of persons who have been ready and willing to buy a copy of the Bible; also the fact that in a large number of cases people have asked for a fairly expensive copy, showing thereby that they are willing to sacrifice money to become possessed of the Bible, and to have a copy which they are pleased to give a conspicuous place among their other books. Many copies of the Bible have been sold to those who do not read our own language, and who love to read the word of God in their own tongue. Among those we find Germans, Italians, Icelanders, French, Danes, Norweglans, Russians and Greeks.

Our colporteur has sold 517 Bibles and 129 Testaments, representing cash sales of $368.35.

We believe there is no form of home missionary work where so much good can be accomplished in the spread of the Word of God as contained in the Bible. The Bible once in a household, be it palace or hovel, at some time in some manner will make itself heard. It may lay on the shelf until dust has accumulated on its cover, but in some way the dust will be removed and its contents read, and He who said "My word shall not return unto Me void, but shall accomplish that whereunto I have sent it," will surely redeem His promise, and in the great bye and bye we who have been the feeble instruments in His hands of giving our money, our time and our prayers shall find that the effort, whatever it may have been, will result in a word of commendation from our King, even the cup of cold water given in the name and for His sake shall not lose its reward. The field is large, the field is ripe; may we each do our share to extend the glorious kingdom of our Lord and his Christ by distributing the Bible unto as many homes as possible. To this end we trust you will give us a liberal collection.

Our stock of books at our depository with the firm of Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Co., which had been allowed to lapse considerably, has now been carefully replenished. There are now 233 volumes in stock, valued at $340, with a reduction of $23 on soiled books, leaving us with Bibles and Testaments of the net value of $317. Should any Sunday school, society or individuals need one or more of the society's Bibles or Testaments, they can purchase some at cost price at the depository.

We have, as far as possible, taken up our regular annual collection and have received returns from the following churches.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian	$12.85
Congregational	3.00
Victoria West Methodist	1.00
Centennial Methodist	18.75
St. Paul's Presbyterian	7.50

We are expecting to be in possession of subscriptions from those churches who have not yet reported at an early date.

Colporteur Martindale made a short report of the work he has done during the past eight months. He found 83 families without a Bible.

There were short addresses by Mr. Shakespeare, Secretary Carter, Dr. Lewis Hall and Revs. Barber, Payne, Barraclough and D. MacRae and Mr. S. M. Okell, all of whom praised the work of the Bible Society. Solos and hymns were sung during the evening and a collection was taken up in aid of the society:

It was moved by Rev. W.D. Barber, seconded by Dr. Lewis Hall, that we the Victoria branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society now assembled, hereby express our thankfulness to Almighty God for the success that has crowned the efforts of the society throughout the world during the past year; the satisfactory condition in which it now stands: the numerous and extensive fields for colportage and general Bible work which opened up during the recent past: and that we in the strongest terms commend the society to the favorable consideration and financial support of the people of British Columbia generally and particularly to the citizens of Victoria.

Officers were elected as follows: President, N. Shakespeare; secretary and treasurer, George Carter; executive committee, D. Frazer, S. M. Okell, D. McLean, W. Morris, A. Lee, J. McKenzie, R. Randell, Dr. Lewis Hall, W. Lundy, Justin Gilbert, H. O. Price and John Ward.

A vote of thanks was extended to the officers, the trustees of the Metropolitan church for the use of the the building and to all who assisted in the meeting.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Canon Paddon.

MM Kaisow Congou Tea

Pure and delicately flavored—a tea that is soothing to the nerves and palatable to the taste.

Look for "MM" and Star on the 5 and 10 lb. boxes.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters take best in the market. Price 25 cents.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Another Musical Treat by Talented Victoria Amateurs.

The Philharmonic Society gave their second subscription concert at Institute hall last evening. The high standard of excellence attained by this society in past concerts was responsible for a large attendance as creditable to the public as to the society; for it is an encouraging sign of the musical progress of the community, when Victoria is not wanting in either proficient amateur executants or appreciative auditors.

The programme embraced so much that was excellent, and presented such variety of composition, that this necessarily brief notice can only deal with the more prominent features.

The heavy orchestral work was provided in Mozart's overture, "Zauberflote," and Haydn's symphony, "The Farewell." The overture calls for exacting treatment, and the really splendid interpretation which this number received is alike flattering to conductor and performers. Mr. Austin has every reason for congratulation on the excellent effects produced by his forces in the opening number. The orchestra has certainly taken several strides since its last appearance. Mr. Austin has always been happy in bringing out fine expression, but the most noticeable improvement last evening was in balance and power. The bass viola, the violas, the 'cellos, the wood wind and the brass found in the varied effects an opportunity to display their distinctive qualities, and as a result there was a wealth of diversified tone, keeping one on the qui vive for novelty in coloring.

In the opening movements of Haydn's Symphony, one man in the audience persisted in whispering in a sputtering manner, that simply splintered the atmosphere into minute particles and provided a sort of sibilant obligato, only reaching a finale when the usher rapped him to a pause.

Schubert's Entr'acte, the Spanish Serenade, and the selections from Meyerbeer, were more pleasing to the audience, there being more melody and the composition being in a lighter vein. In Meyerbeer's Coronation March from "La Prophete," the instruments succeeded in producing the finest effects of the evening. There was a magnificent forte and fine subordination during the cornet solo by Mr. Duck, and the viola solo by Mr. Rochon. Mr. Duck had splendid tone, and executed his brief solo with such finish and ease that one hopes to hear him in some more ambitious work. Mr Powell's violin solo, Wienlawski's "Legende," was given with all the expressiveness of his fine open tone. The weird effects of this number were brought out very effectively, and one could almost fancy that the "Legende" was a fireside story on a wild wintry night. Mr. Powell received a merited encore. Miss McNiff's solo from Mignon, "Dost Thou Know That Sweet Land," found this favorite songstress in admirable voice, save a suspicion of hoarseness in the lower tones. Mr. Robertson's tremolo was not so much in evidence in his two solos, Gounod's "Romanza" from Faust and Cowen's "Snowflakes." His articulation is very clear cut, and his phrasing leaves little for adverse criticism.

The Douglas Mandolin Club imparted the requisite national feature to the Spanish Serenade, and with their mandolins, guitars, castanets and tambourines brought to mind lingering memories of the music of the Spanish students' orchestra.

The concert last evening should stimulate the Philharmonic Society to renewed efforts, for it is greatly to Victoria's credit to possess such fine amateur talent. It is to be noted that the orchestra is constantly adding to its strength, the more recent additions being Miss E. Locke, on the flute, and Master Foot, a clever tot who does splendid work on the 'cello.

METRONOME.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Sir: A short time ago the shelter was closed on account of the shortage of wood. Immediately there was a swarm of tramps in the city. It is, I think, hardly understood how much the city owes to the shelter work:

1. In keeping out the tramp;
2. In making him cut short his stay when here;
3. In saving the cost of his maintenance in the provincial gaol, which, in city cases, falls upon the city;
4. In preventing the operation of that harsh but necessary law which provides for the arrest and imprisonment of the poor as such—that is, of those who have no visible means of subsistence.

The loss of the shelter would be nothing short of a public calamity. In three days a man can earn board and lodging for six days.

It is sometimes said there is no need for such work in Victoria. As a business man said a few days ago, "There are no poor here." I wish that business man could understand how much of this happy state of things is due to the existence of the shelter.

One of the greatest difficulties with which the shelter has to contend is this very thing—that the poor of Victoria are so few. There are no regular boarders, as in other cities; no great number of meals served; no source of income except the coupons and the wood yard. Often in the summer the officers must turn to and saw, and chop, and haul, and pack the wood to keep life in the business.

Another difficulty is that people will give coupons to able-bodied men, and then the tramp get bed and board free of cost. It is hard and thankless work and causes the desertion of many a soldier of the army. These men get all the seamy side of Victoria's charities. It will be a bad day for us when—if ever—the shelter ceases to exist.

The shortage of wood was owing to the fact that the shelter is too poor to have a stock on hand.

W. F. L. PADDON.

REV. J. A. GORDON CALLED.

Congregation of Calvary Church Send a Call Across the Continent.

The congregation of Calvary Baptist church, from the pastorate of which Rev. Ralph Trotter recently resigned to go to the Boundary Creek country, last evening extended a unanimous call to Rev. J. A. Gordon, M.A., pastor of the Main street Baptist church of St. John, N.B., the salary offered being $1,500 a year. Rev. Mr. Gordon is looked upon as one of the strongest ministers in the Maritime Provinces, he having been very successful in every field which he has worked, and in each was the means of largely increasing the congregations, building new churches and leaving his charges in splendid standing financially and otherwise. Before going to St. John he was at Yarmouth, N.S., and previous to that at Charlottetown, P.E.I. Three years ago the British Columbia congregation extended him a call to take the position of superintendent of missions and he would have accepted but for the fact that his congregation had just completed a new church at a cost of $30,000 and he did not consider it fair to leave them until the building has been paid for. He is very anxious to come to British Columbia and has four sons, all graduates of Eastern universities, who are desirous of coming West.

The decision of the congregation was telegraphed to Mr. Gordon last evening, but it is not expected that he will send an answer until he received the secretary's letter giving particulars.

KILLED A CONSTABLE.

Chicago, Marsh 16.—Baron Curt von Viedenfeld was acquitted to-night on the charge of murder in the killing of constable Charles Macdonald. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty after six hours of deliberation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NOTICE

Frank Cullin is my duly authorized agent to collect all moneys owing me in connection with the delivery of the Daily Colonist from this date.

Dated January 26, 1899.

W. BRYCE

W. PELLEW-HARVEY & CO.

Mining Engineers, Assayers, and Chemists.

15 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

Next door Driard Hotel.

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Indo-Ceylon Tea.

Blended to please the palate and produce cheerfulness.

Our Advertising Department provides monthly competitions in which handsome Silver Tea Services are given to users of "Star of India" Teas, particulars on every package. 35c., 40c., 50c., 60c., per lb. All Grocers.

WM. TUFTS & SON, TEA IMPORTERS, VANCOUVER, B. C.

C.P.N. Co., Ld., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

Dyea Skagway Wrangel

As follows, viz.:

"DANUBE" March 23.
"TEES" - March 29

And from Vancouver at 12 noon, on following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

Handy List of Victoria Firms

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.

A. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

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CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buys and exchanges all kinds of books and novels.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CHRISTIE & LEWIS—109 Fort street All orders promptly attended to.

DRAYMAN.

JOSEPH HANEY, Truck and Drayman Office 26 Yates street; stables 119 Superior street; Telephone 171.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS

JAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street

T. STOREY—Funeral director and embalmer. 90 Johnson street.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE—Paints, Oils, Varnishes, etc. Window glass and Wall Paper.

HARDWARE.

SIDNEY SHORE, hardware, tinware, sporting goods, paints and oils, 134-136 Government street.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.—Importers of iron, steel, hardware, pipe fittings, cutlery, etc. Mining and milling supplies a specialty.

HOTELS.

CLARENCE—The only first-class European hotel in the city. Corner Yates and Douglas streets. A. R. McDonald, prop.

OCCIDENTAL—$1 to $1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Porter.

QUEENS—AM. and Europ. plan, cor. Store and Johnson streets. J. C. Voss, prop.

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VICTORIA MACHINERY DEPOT CO. Ltd. (late Spratt & Gray)—Engineers, founders, supplies, etc. 17-19 Work street. Tel. 570.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.

BEN WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort street mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

NOVELTY WORKS.

L. HAFER, general machinist, 150 Government street.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.

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PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS

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SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, city scavenger, teamster and wood dealer. Address, 49 Discovery street. Tel. 184.

ED LINES, General Scavenger, 23 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort street, Schroeder Bros., corner Michigan and Menzies, will be promptly attended to.

I hereby give notice that I will at the next meeting of the License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, B. C., apply for a transfer of the license to sell wines, spirits and liquors by retail, now held by me for the Jubilee saloon, No. 49 Johnson street, Victoria, to John McPherson and Hugh Simpson, of the said city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., January 16th, 1899.

JOSEPH BALL.

Witness: David Leeming (clerk to E. M. Johnson), Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners at Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license at the premises known as the Mirror saloon, corner Broad and Yates street, Victoria, B. C., to Alfred H. Tyson.

Dated March 8, 1899.

(Signed) E. E. LEASON.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners at Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license at the premises known as the Dawson hotel, situated in 67 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., to E. Davis.

(Signed) F. J. Dawley.

Victoria, B. C., February 7, 1899.

TAKE NOTICE that I shall at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria apply for transfer of my interest in the above license to M. White.

February , 1899.

E. DAVIS.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners at Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license at the premises known as the Empire hotel, situated in 38 Johnson street, Victoria, B. C., to Edgar George Walker.

A. P. BRIGGS.

Witness: JAMES E. MARTIN.

Victoria, B. C., 2nd March, 1899.

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 40—Taking Effect February 1st, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island— Sunday at 23 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria — Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass —Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th, each month, at 8 o'clock.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave weekly for Wrangel, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Queen City leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.
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Atlin Gold Fields

STEEL STEAMSHIP

AMUR

Leaves Porter's Wharf

Wednesday, March 8th,

...FOR..

SKAGWAY, JUNEAU, DYEA, WRANGEL

and Way Ports.

For freight and passage rates apply

Bennett Lake & Klondike Nav. Co.

39 Government St., Victoria.

S.S. CUTCH

will sail to

Shoal Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Wrangel Skagway and way ports

On the 4th and 18th of Each Month

At 8 p.m. from Porters Wharf

For rates and particulars apply to HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Agents, Victoria

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The Pacific & Arctic R'y & Navigation Co.
British Columbia Yukon Railway Co.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass in a comfortable Railway Train.

D. D. Jones has been appointed Customs Agent for the White Pass and Yukon Route in Alaska and British Columbia. He will make his headquarters at Skaguay. The appointment is made that patrons of the White Pass & Yukon Route will not be subject to troublesome delays or excessive duties.

150 POUNDS BAGGAGE FREE

INVESTIGATE FULLY DO NOT BE MISLED

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Send two cents in stamps to any of our agents for our new map of the Atlin

THE CHILKOOT PASS ROUTE

Chilkoot Railroad and Transport Company
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Operating a System of Aerial Tramways between Dyea and Crater Lake

These Tramways did three-fourths of the business last year and will do four-fifths of it this year.

Old : Yukoners : Employ : This : Route : Almost : Exclusively

Wise men will investigate the routes and conditions before committing their freight to any particular trail. Our facilities enables us to give a cheaper and more expeditious service than any other route. We shall give both, as will be demonstrated upon application.

THE CHILKOOT PASS ROUTE is a UNITED STATES BONDED CARRIER, No Extra Expense for Bonding No Trouble. No Delays. For rates and full particulars apply to

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Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

The company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., 8 p.m., Mar. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Apr. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, May 4, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., 10 a.m., Mar. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Apr. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, May 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA

The elegant steamships Cottage City, City of Topeka and Al-Ki leave Seattle 9 a.m. Mar. 1 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Apr. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, May 5, and every fifth day thereafter.

The steamer Cottage City will call at Victoria, B. C., p.m. Mar. 1, 16, 31, Apr. 15, 30, for passengers and freight.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B. C.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, Puget Sound Supt., Ocean Dock, Seattle.
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Victoria for Nanaimo	Thursday 6 a.m.
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Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

For rates apply on board, or at Porter's wharf. 215

THE GREAT NORTHERN

75 Government street, Victoria, B.C.

Leave daily. Arrive daily.
8:00 p.m. CITY OF KINGSTON 4:15 p.m.
Connecting at Seattle with Overland Flyer.

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STEAMSHIP

"City of Seattle"

—SAILS FOR—

Dyea and Skagway

direct every ten days. No stops, no delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing,

FRIDAY, MARCH 24

Subsequent sailings. April 3, 13, 23.

For rates and information apply to DODWELL & CO., Ltd 64 Government street, Agents. Telephone 580.

Northern Transport.

The Casca Trading & Transportation Co., Ltd. Are now prepared to make contracts for

DELIVERY OF FREIGHT

At all points on the Stikine river and at Dease Lake, Liard river and Frances lake during next summer.

The company has supply depots at the Stikine Canon, Glenora, Telegraph creek and Dease lake.

For rates, etc., apply to A. W. JONES, Secretary, 28 Fort street, Victoria.

KLONDIKE-YUKON and ATLIN TRAFFIC

The Canadian Development Co, Limited

Are prepared to handle through freight and passenger traffic from Coast points to Dawson City, the Klondike-Yukon and Atlin gold fields. Seven fine steamers. Complete traffic arrangements. Splendid equipment. Reasonable rates.

For rates and information apply to the company's office, 32 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Managing Director.

Oceanic Steamship Company

SS. ALAMEDA sails via Honolulu & Auckland for Sydney, Wednesday March 22, at 10 p.m.

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Line to Coolgardie, Australia, and Capetown, South Africa.

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Speed, 18 knots; tonnage, 1,117

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4:15 a.m.	Ar.... Tacoma Lv	8:00 a.m.

For tickets, maps, etc., apply to E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Adelphi building, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Portland, Oregon.

PACK HORSES FOR THE KLONDIKE

Messrs. Molyneux & Goodair, Cochrane, Alberta, N.W.T., can supply well broken pack horses at the shortest notice at reasonable terms per carload. Correspondence invited.

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1899.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

Advertisers,

In making contracts for space for the year 1899, should consider the question from a business standpoint entirely. The value of an advertising medium is generally based upon extent of circulation, but with this experts in the business always associate the character of the publication and the class of readers. So far as Victoria is concerned, the Colonist is possessed of all these requisites. Its circulation in Victoria and suburbs is double that of any other paper, while its merits as a high-class newspaper are attested to by the fact that it is daily read in almost every home in the city. The carriers of the Colonist place it every morning it is issued at the doors of more than double the number of citizens than is the case with any other paper circulated in Victoria. Besides this, it is circulated on the streets, on steamers and trains, in Vancouver and Nanaimo, and all other Coast points reached daily, the morning of issue. This is a value given by no other publication. The advantage to the advertiser of any class of goods, or engaged in any calling requiring the attention of the public is, therefore, plainly to be seen. It is almost unnecessary to add that in the Colonist the advertiser secures the very best value obtainable, and should arrange for his advertising in its columns.

THE SPEECH.

The only paragraph in the Speech from the Throne at the opening of parliament worth passing consideration is that promising a redistribution of the constituencies. This is of great importance, not only as a substantive measure, but because it may be taken as indicative of an early appeal to the people. We infer from it also that before the session is ended there will be some additional developments in a direction calculated to make the government as solid as possible with doubtful constituencies.

It is evident that Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues do not intend to appeal to the people merely upon the merits of their policy. Last session they had the franchise law changed so as to suit their views; this session they propose to arrange the constituencies so as to meet their notions. If they can also manage to recast the Senate according to their fancy, they will be able to work out their own sweet will for considerable time to come, unless the people awake to a realization of what all this means.

The other announcements in the Speech of any importanec have been discounted by the telegraphic news from the Capital; but experience has shown that the work of a session cannot be predicated with any degree of certainty upon what is put into the mouth of the Governor-General. In spite of the barrenness of the Speech, we look for an important session.

AMBASSADOR CHOATE'S SPEECH

United States Ambassador Choate is an eloquent gentleman, who is able to use language for what we are told is its proper purpose, namely, to conceal his thoughts. His speech in London, a synopsis of which appeared in the Colonist yesterday, reads very well and doubtless the full report will read better. It fairly glitters with kindly expressions, but there is a degree of uncertainty about it which is just a little disappointing. Mr. Choate seems to have been careful to avoid saying anything that committed him to any proposition, and to have succeeded admirably.

It is, however, something that such a speech should have been made. Not so long ago a chorus went up from the whole United States in disapproval of what was called Ambassador Bayard's Anglomania. Yet Mr. Bayard never went half as far as Mr. Choate. Times have materially changed since the Cleveland regime, and no better illustration of the extent of the change can be given than is afforded by Mr. Choate's reference to the Venezuela affair. Such a thing could hardly be said by the representative of any other country than the United States in any other country than Great Britain, unless by a British ambassador speaking in the United States. When the representatives of two great nations can joke over what threatened to be a deadly quarrel, the rapprochement between them must be very close.

Canadians would appreciate the kindly utterances of the representative men of the United States more keenly, if they were backed up to some extent by a disposition to deal fairly with the Dominion. We make no objection to the efforts of our neighbors to drive as good a bargain as they can with us. That is business, and if we are not capable of taking care of ourselves in such matters we must bear the consequences manfully. But this does not excuse petty acts which needlessly interrupt the friendly intercourse of the people of the two countries. If we are unable to agree upon a settlement of the large questions at issue between the two countries, we ought to be able to agree to leave them open and to live amicably, placing no needless difficulties in the way of each other. If our neighbors insist upon their policy of exclusion, Canadians should not let the fact disturb them in any way, but should devise such a domestic policy as will most certainly offset it. When this has been done, every effort should be made on both sides to remove all the minor causes of friction, the petty inconvenience to which business is subjected by meddlesome officials. We are sure that no disposition exists on the part of Canadian officials to needlessly interfere with United States traffic when within the borders of the Dominion, and it is not unreasonable to ask that the same degree of courtesy should be extended by United States officials to Canadian traffic when within the jurisdiction of the United States. The strictest application of the laws of the two countries is not inconsistent with the warmest friendship. If the United States government would impress upon its officials that they must not needlessly harass Canadian business men, they would give tangible evidence that Ambassador Choate's words are something more than the pleasant things that any gentleman feels bound to say to his hosts after having had a good dinner.

SOME WELSH COLONISTS.

In 1865 some Welsh colonists went to Patagonia. Why any one should want to go to Patagonia will doubtless seem strange to many people; but that far-off part of the continent is rather a good sort of region. The special reason why the Welshmen went there is that they were a religious sect, and they desired to establish a community where they could work out their peculiar tenets undisturbed. They succeeded very well in an industrial sense, and have a prosperous settlement numbering about four thousand people. For the first fifteen years no one interfered with the Welshmen. Both Chili and Argentine would have taken possession of the district, but each feared the hostility of the other. In 1880, however, after these two countries had had a rather lively scrap, it was agreed that Argentine might absorb Patagonia east of the Andes, and that Chili should take the coast strip west of that range. This agreement left Argentine free to make such arrangement with the colonists as she could, and those made were very excellent from the Argentine standpoint. The colonists were told that their titles were insecure, having been derived from no government, and instead of informing Argentine that possession was good against all the world, and hoisting the British flag, they accepted titles offered them, thereby recognizing the sovereignty of the government at Buenos Ayres.

The recognition of an alien master did not materially affect the colonists, although it subjected them to unexpected taxation, and they would doubtless have been content to allow things to take their course, if Argentine had not insisted that they should submit themselves to military service. To this they seriously object, and though professedly people of peace, say they will fight rather than be taken from their homes to serve in war over matters in which they have no interest whatever. They have appealed to the British government for advice and assistance, but it is difficult to see how they can be relieved of the consequences of their mistake in recognizing the sovereignty of Argentine. The only course open would seem to be to remove the whole colony.

It has been stated, but we do not know upon what authority, that some representatives of the colonists think it would be well to remove to Manitoba, and that the Dominion government has suggested Vancouver Island as offering them a more congenial home than the prairies, by reason of the mildness of the climate. If there is any likelihood of their removal to Canada, the provincial government ought to use its best effort to have them brought to this Island. There is no time to be lost, because action of some kind may be taken at any day.

DRESSED MEAT FOR EXPORT.

The Monetary Times urges the cattle dealers of the East to place dressed beef on the British market. Shipments of live stock have not proved as successful as could be desired. There is good reason for dissatisfaction in regard to live stock shipments for so great a distance. A long journey in the cars and a longer one in a steamer greatly reduce the value of beef cattle. They shrink in weight and their flesh is more or less injured, so that unless they are fed some time after landing and before being slaughtered, there is much waste in cutting. All this can be obviated by the shipping of dressed beef in a chilled state. There is a small shrinkage on chilled beef, but not so great as on live stock, and if the quarters are properly wrapped and properly stowed they will arrive at their destination in just as good condition as when they started. Of course they must be kept at the proper temperature, and when taken out of the ship must be sent to their destination in proper cars and be stored until sold in coolers or cold storage. One does not require to be a practical dealer in meats to know that a steer put on the cars at, say, Brandon and carried by rail and water to Liverpool, is not in fit condition to be killed for beef immediately on arrival. Yet under the British regulations it must be slaughtered immediately. Another advantage in shipping dressed beef is that the hides would be kept on this side of the Atlantic, where they command a better price than in Great Britain. There is no doubt that refrigeration is the secret of the success in the Canadian attempt to supply the British meat market.

One of the neatest things we have read in some time was the reply of a Skagway man, who was asked by a railway striker to give him a dollar. He said: "I'm working for $2.50 a day and you've thrown up a job on the railway worth $3.00 a day, and now want me to give you a dollar of my earnings. Well, I don't think I will."

Why does not the Times come out from behind the fence in the matter of railway extension on the Island? Surely it realizes that the present is an opportune time to bring this matter under the attention of parliament. Senator Templeman is very pronounced in his advocacy of Mr. Corbin's scheme. He told the council of the Board of Trade the other day that, no matter what might be recommended on that subject, he was for the Corbin charter. This is sufficiently definite, and we do not dispute the Senator's right to form his own opinion on any subject and stick to it in the face of any opposition. How comes it that he has nothing to say on a project so greatly affecting the welfare of Victoria as railway extension to the north end of the Island? Where does he stand on the question of the development of the Island generally? As the manager of a Victoria newspaper and a member of the Senate of Canada, Senator Templeman ought to be in the forefront of any movement which is calculated to promote the welfare of this city and island. If he does not care to discuss the railway project in his own paper, the Colonist will very gladly print a signed letter from him, no matter what his views may be.

The Westminster Sun says it is a crying shame that there is no law in British Columbia to secure a widow dower in her husband's estate. If no such statute exists, and if the common law does not give it to her, the legislature ought not to allow another session to pass without providing something of that nature. In this connection it may be interesting to mention that in some of the American states a wife is entitled to what is known as a community right in her husband's property acquired after marriage and he in hers. This means a full half interest, which is hers and her heirs, after her, and she cannot be divested of it unless by her free consent or by execution issued on a judgment for debt for which she and her husband are jointly liable or she is liable individually.

The statement is made that it is proposed to exclude the press from the meetings of the committee oppointed to investigate Mr. Sorby's harbor improvement scheme. We think this would be a great mistake. The gentlemen constituting the committee have no more interest in this matter than any other citizens, and what the public want is not only their conclusions from the evidence, but the evidence itself, for it may be that the people would reach a conclusion very different to that arrived at by the committee. We urge that the utmost publicity should be given to everything advanced before the committee either for or against the scheme.

We are asked by one of the French-Canadian party, who went North on the Tees last night, to correct the statement in the Province alleging that they originally intended to remain in Vancouver and only came to Victoria because they had through tickets and their baggage was checked to this city. Their original intention was to come to Victoria, and we should suppose that no better proof of this could be asked than the purchase of tickets to this city. The matter is of no very great importance, but it is just as well to set our contemporary right.

Montreal has taken power by its new charter not only to suppress disorderly houses but to regulate them. The Herald thinks this is the dawn of better times, and urges the reform element among the men and the W. C. T. U. to renew their attacks all along the line. It congratulates them upon having succeeded "in preserving the letter of the law," and asks them if they are now going to undertake to see that the law itself is observed.

The Times is amusing itself by thinking that the Conservative party in British Columbia is in a state of disruption. It will learn otherwise when the federal elections come on.

Read between the lines, the Columbian's views on the cabinet shuffle are not wholly favorable. Like the Colonist, it thinks Mr. Carter-Cotton has assumed too much.

THE FUR SEAL CONTROVERSY.

From the Toronto Mail and Empire.

British Columbia's sealing fleet has left for Behring Sea, and at Washington the question of detailing the usual number of cutters to patrol the sea during the open season is under the consideration of the treasury department. No word has been received yet of what Britain proposes to do in the premises, but it is to be presumed that she will aid in policing these waters as she has done yearly since the regulations of the Paris tribunal were adopted. Nothing has yet been done to terminate the arrangement in which the two powers joined in that year, so, notwithstanding the efforts of our neighbors to have it succeeded by one more favorable to themselves, it is to be supposed the Paris rules are held to be still binding. They were not suspended or modified in consequence of the joint report of the British and American sealing commissioners who met in Washington in 1897. Britain has given fair warning that no matter what the findings of the commissioners might be she meant to adhere to the Paris rules until revision was due as provided in the agreement, that is at the end of five years. After the commissioners had made their statement in 1897, it will be remembered that Sir Wilfrid Laurier visited Washington in the autumn of that year with proposals for a general treaty with the United States. General Foster, who is the diplomatic agents in charge of the seal question for the United States, at that time pressed for the concession, in advance, of the United States, holding out strong hopes of a general treaty including this and other questions in the early future. But, as has been already mentioned, Britain was opposed to any disturbance of the status quo, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier could not consent to such a one-sided proposal. General Foster's proposal was that Canadians should at once desist from pelagic sealing, so that the United States might from the beginning of 1898 have Behring Sea all to itself. Then followed, in August, 1898, the negotiations of the joint high commission, negotiations which have been in progress ever since that time. The American commissioners offered $450,000 for the Canadian sealing fleet, with which was to go Canada's right to take seals in the open Pacific. The offer appears to be still pending, and, we regret to say, it seems not to have been unacceptable to the Canadian commissioners.

In the curent number of Appleton's Popular Science Monthly, there is an article on "The Scientific Expert and the Behring Sea Controversy," by George A. Clark. It reviews the report submitted jointly by the British and American seal experts in 1897. The British experts were Prof. D'Arcy W. Thompson and Mr. James M. Macoun; the American were Dr. David S. Jordan and Hon. Charles S. Hamlin. Mr. Clark takes up the report article by article, and concludes that the important issues of the vexatious Behring Sea controversy have been squarely met and finally settled by it. It leaves, he maintains, the fur seal question no longer in existence, but brings us to the problem, how to get rid of the destructive agency of pelagic sealing, as the next one to be solved. As he interprets the results of the conference of British and American fur-seal experts, they conclusively establish the contentions of the United States. It must be said that to get to this conclusion he does not reason quite dispassionately. A man of science is expected to resist every temptation to incline either to one side or other of a question he is investigating. But Mr. Clark plainly has a bias for the American side of the case. Wherever the report favors the Canadian side the point is simply "a concession of diplomacy." He minimizes the article giving the many natural causes of death among the pups. Article 10, which says that the pelagic industry is conducted in an orderly manner and in a spirit of acquiescence in the limitations imposed by law, he explains away as a "balm for the wounded feelings of the pelagic sealer." Nor does he dwell fairly on this clause in article 11: "The reduction of the males effected on the islands causes an enhanced proportion of females to be found in the pelagic catch." Also he dismisses the latter part of clause 14 as a diplomatic concession, because it states that the ratio of the pelagic catch of one year to that of the following year has fallen off more rapidly than the ratio of the breeding herd of one year to the breeding herd of the next. He shows great ingenuity in trying to make out that the following sentence of the final article supports the American view: "The diminution of the herd is yet far from a stage which involves or threatens the actual extermination of the species, so long as it is protected on its haunts on land." That is, if the Americans do not slaughter too freely on the Pribyloff islands, the species is safe.

ASTHMA GASPS.

The wheezing and strangling of those who are victims of asthma are promptly relieved by a few dozes of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

OAK HALL, NEW GOODS, NEW PRICES.

50 doz. Men's Seamless Socks, 3 pair for 25 cents.
50 doz. Men's All Wool Socks 2 pair for 25 cents.
50 doz. Men's Black Cashmere, worth 35 cents,

Our Leader FOR 25 Cents.

10 doz. Men's All Wool Sweaters, assorted colors regular price $1.25 our price, $1.00
Mens' All Wool Cardigan Jackets, $1.25 Men's Mitts, lined, 50c
Men's Gloves and Mitts, leather, 25 cents.

McCandless Bros. If you are after BARGAINS, Come Right Here.
37 Johnson Street

The Secret Lies in the Ingredients

Given a certain quality of "this and that and something else" and almost any one can mix paints—so-called—it's merely a matter of "stir."
But what are you "stirring"?
Wherefore the "this and that and something else"?
Are they ingredients that'll make good paints?
Don't know?
It's your undisputed right to know when you pay your money.
If the ingredients are pure and true to name you can look for
BEAUTY OF TINT,
RICHNESS OF LUSTRE,
DURABILITY,
COVERING CAPACITY.
If you don't get these you are not using The Elephant Brands of ready-mixed paints, for they give you all of these. They are made of ingredients which we know to be right, because we make them.
The moral is there as plain as if it was printed in letters of fire.

The Canada Paint Company, Limited,
THE LARGEST PAINT, COLOR AND VARNISH FACTORY IN CANADA.
Montreal Toronto St. Malo St. Johns Vancouver Victoria

CAMP McKINNEY.....

This camp is fast coming to the front as one of the greatest gold producers in British Columbia, and investors will do well to keep their eye on this camp. Two of the most promising undeveloped properties in the camp are

The Mammoth and the Little Cariboo..

The former lies adjoining the Eureka mine, owned by the Standard Oil people, and carries the same ledge. Fabulous figures have been refused for the Eureka, and the Mammoth promises with development to become fully as valuable.

THE LITTLE CARIBOO

(or the Annie L., as it is named on the maps), lies adjoining the famous Cariboo group, which has paid vast amounts in dividends, and late developments on the Little Cariboo prove beyond a doubt that it carries the same character of valuable ores. At the present prices at which shares are offered in the abovementioned companies, there is no better investment offered the public, and the fullest investigation is invited.

For maps and full particulars call on or address the brokers for the companies.

A W. More & Co., VICTORIA, B. C. : or H. J. Kressley & Co. SPOKANE, WASH.

Merchants' Bank of Halifax
INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital paid up - - $1,500,000
Rest - - - - - - - 1,250,000

Branches of this Bank are now Established at. . . .
ATLIN and BENNETT

Drafts issued and money transferred.
A general banking business transacted.
Gold dust assayed and purchased.

G. A TAYLOR,
Manager Victoria Branch

B. C Pottery Co'y, Limited.
22½ Pandora St.
... VICTORIA ...
Fire Bricks, Pressed Bricks, Sewer Pipe, Etc.

J. F. FOULKES & CO.
STOCKBROKERS, REAL ESTATE, and INSURANCE AGENTS.....
Rents and Interest collected.
35 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.

MINES and PROSPECTS
Examined and Reported on.
D. R. IRVINE P.O. Box 502. Office at Swinerton & Oddy, Victoria, B C for 12 years officer of H.M Geological Survey, Scotland, and 6 years mining experience in B. C.

SPENCER'S

Easter Millinery Showdays next week, commencing Tuesday the 21st,

There will be on view all the Latest French Pattern Hats and hundreds of new styles from our own work-room. These are adapted from the French Models, not quite so extreme and are very moderately priced. We have greatly enlarged the space given to this department and intend that this Millinery Opening shall eclipse all our previous ones.

We show now new English Sailors, very nobby shapes

Interesting Glove News.

To still more popularize our Glove Department we are giving unusual value at the dollar price; two lines, one with 2 large clasps, heavy stitching, the other a laced glove in new shades of red, tan and biscuit White with both white and black stitching and Black with all black and white stitchings, sizes 5½ to 7. New goods just opened up We have not sold such gloves less than $1 25 ever before. Also another shipment of Trefousse gloves in the new shadings to match Easter costumes.

Underskirts.

Beautiful petticoats of Silk, Satin, and Mohair. Some from the workrooms of a leading Paris maker. In more varied array than ever before—even in this store.

Have you seen

our new shoes? Perfection of stock and finish, correctness of form and price marks that help to economy are the features of our Shoe Department just now. See the Government Street window, or better still, step into the department at Broad street entrance where our salesmen will be only too pleased to show the new lines.

Blouses and Waists

The second lot of Muslin and Pique Waists are just here, We show dainty blouses at $1.00 and beauties at $1.35 and $1 85. Would you have first choice? Then buy now!

The New Dress Goods

Every worthy sort, every proper style is here. The late novelties came yesterday. A few pattern lengths at $20.00, very swell goods, and more covert coatings, new pin checks. If you would be posted on Dress Goods newness, you must see this showing.

D. SPENCER,
Government St.

FIFTY CASES....

NEW SPRING GOODS

.....JUST OPENED

Spring Samples for Eastern Tailor Made Suits Just to Hand.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

Clothiers, Hatters, and Outfitters....

97 Johnson Street Victoria, B. C.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
Real Estate and... Insurance Agents.
Interest and Rents Collected. Settlements promptly made.
75 GOVERNMENT STREET

WE GUARANTEE PURITY AND ACCURACY in compounding physicians prescriptions.

Hall & Co, Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Blk. Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Use Blue Ribbon Baking Powder.

Look for blue label cigars. *

Demand blue label cigars. *

Boycott non-union cigars. *

Smoke union-make cigars. *

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside. *

Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside. *

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting. *

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental. *

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.*

Dominion bicycles, $40, at Geo. C. Hinton & Co.'s. *

We have received our spring stock of Frilled Muslin Curtains. The goods are very dainty and pretty. Weiler Bros. *

See the "Perfect" chainless bicycles—ladies' and gents'—at Hinton's. *

If you have beauty,
I will take it—
If you have none
I will make it.
Savannah, Photo.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper! Samples sent to any part of the province by Weiler Bros. *

McClary's famous steel ranges and stoves at Clark & Pearson's. *

Adelina Patti Cream for beautifying the complexion. Face steaming, massage and scalp treatment, etc., etc., at Mrs. C. Koshe, sole agent for Danderine, the only hair renewer. *

The sale of Mrs. Hamlin's furniture and furnishings takes place at 2 p.m. to-day. * *

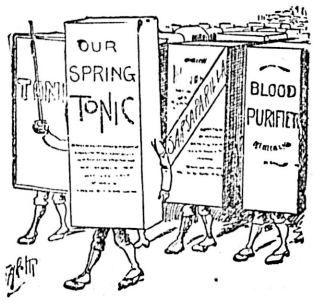
We Leave it to You

1899 MODELS

$40, $50, $60.

GEO. C. HINTON & CO.

Held at Log Cabin.—Collector Milne is arranging to have goods shipped through in bond from Bennett to Atlin as soon as navigation opens on the northern lakes. According to officer Menzies at Atlin from whom he received a letter yesterday there is a big accumulation of freight at Log Cabin, including considerable machinery which is going into Atlin. All is being held at Log Cabin as under the present means of travel it would be impossible for the customs officers to otherwise keep track of it. Mr. Menzies says for the two weeks prior to March 4, the date of writing, the thermometer ranged from 20 to 40 degrees below zero.



To Fight Disease SUCCESSFULLY,

During the changeable Spring and Hot Summer months, the system should receive a toning up now. And for this purpose our Extract of Sarsaparilla with Iodides has no superior. It is the most efficacious Spring Medicine, removes impurities from the system and puts new life into Torpid Liver and Sluggish blood, a splendid all-round Tonic. Beef, Iron and Wine also for the very delicate.

G. H. BOWES Chemist

Tel. 425. 100 Gov't St., near Yates St.

Rubber Balls for the little ones. Large and small, plain and colored. Quite a stock just received by the Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's). *

Committee of Fifty.—The Committee of Fifty will meet this evening at the city hall to continue the consideration of the reports deferred from the last meeting.

Chinese College.—Rooms are being fitted up in the Chinese Benevolent Society's block for the Chinese college to be established here. The teacher is expected from Hongkong on the next Empress.

In Honor of St. Patrick.—Fortunate is he who can secure a sprig of the shamrock for the adornment of his coat lapel this day of all the year for Irish men. In honor of the day and of the saint for whom it is named, Rt. Rev. Bishop Christie will conduct a special and appropriate service at the cathedral at 7:30, and afterwards the Y. M. I. will entertain their friends at a good, informal smoking concert.

The Cause of a Commotion.—Jean Baptiste, who combines a fondness for drink with an utter ignorance of the English language, created a great commotion on Pandora street Wednesday night by endeavoring to force his way into residences and otherwise disturbing the peaceful inhabitants. Yesterday the police magistrate convicted him of drunkenness and fined him $7.50.

A Case of Poverty.—A fish peddler who had neglected to secure a hawker's license was charged before Magistrate Hall yesterday with infraction of the by-law in this regard. His excuse was that he was in such poverty that he could not pay the fee, and was barely able at best to make a living. His Honor observed that he did not wish to send a man to gaol for being out of luck, and advised the unfortunate to consult the mayor with reference to a free permit, reporting the result of the conference to-day.

Finally Settled.—The proceeds of the sale of the steamer Queen City were finally divided among the former owners by Mr. Justice Martin, local judge in admiralty, yesterday. The amount was $8,500, and was ordered divided as follows: To the Nicholson brothers, $5,758.50; to Adams, $1,480.03; to Capt. Bjere, $471.87, this also going to the Nicholsons, as they purchased the captain's share; to E. B. Marvin & Co., $49.57, and to R. P. Rithet & Co., $740.03. The costs are to be paid out of the estate.

Did Not Arrive.—A meeting of the board of trade was called for 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to meet the promoters of the Port Angeles Eastern railway, and hear from them a proposition to connect Victoria by ferry with the terminus of their road at Port Angeles. There were quite a large number of members of the road present, but a few minutes after 4 those who had been instrumental in having the meeting called telephoned that the promoters had not arrived.

Reported Improvement.—Among the passengers for the Sound on the Kingston last evening were Messrs. F. Appleton, manager of the Columbia Flour Mills, Enderby; George R. McCracken, the company's head miller; and R. Seabrook, vice-president of the R. P. Rithet Co., Limited, who own the mills. It is reported that the company are about to enlarge their mill, and that the officials are going to the Sound to visit some of the big mills of Oregon and Washington.

A Knotty Question.—In the Supreme court this morning, Mr. Justice Martin will hear arguments in the petition of William Braden against the decision of the chief commissioner of lands and works, disallowing his adverse claim against the rectification of the crown grant for the American Boy mineral claim. Braden was the first locator of the claim, but the present holders, who located it after him, got their certificate of assessment work first, and as is done under the American law, they were given the crown grant. The question to be settled is whether the first locator or the one who does his assessment work first is entitled to the claim.

Cariboo's Bright Prospects.—Mr. J. B. Hobson, who has played so conspicuous a part in recent years in presenting again to the world the latent riches of the new Cariboo, arrived down from that famous district last evening and is a guest at the Driard. He says that the snow still lies deep on the ground, giving promise of plenty of water when that element of success is most needed. His properties have been worked all through the winter, and promise to make a splendid showing at the proper time. Many other capitalists are also looking to Cariboo, and the report is current that a gigantic syndicate has been organized in London, under the title of the Cariboo Consolidated Goldfields, whose purpose is to acquire and work a multitude of claims. If this be the case, the prediction that the first year of the new century will see Cariboo as great a gold producer as in the palmiest days would appear to be upon the eve of realization.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. *

A LONG WINTER TRIP,

Two Miners Reach Victoria From Koyukuk on the Lower Yukon.

Placer Ground That Will Rival That Which Made the Klondike Famous.

George H. Monson and George P. Abbott, two Bostonians, who for the past few years have been mining with generally satisfactory results on the Koyukuk river and its numerous branches, arrived here by the Tees on Wednesday night and are enjoying a rest, after their long tramp, at the comfortable Dominion.

They left Jimtown, the new capital of the lower Koyukuk, on December 29, the thermometer having one week before registered 72 degrees below zero; kept travelling without misadventure with the mercury 60 below; and reached Skagway eventually in the perfection of condition, Abbott having lost but three pounds on the trip, and Wonson less than four.

Yesterday they went for a spin on bicycles to enjoy the springtime sunshine, overheated themselves, and are now suffering from the first severe colds they have had since taking up their residence under the fitful Northern Lights.

Such is the irony of fact.

Jimtown, it may be mentioned, is 150 miles up the Koyukuk from Peary, which in its turn is 65 miles above Arctic City. The three towns are outfitting quarters for a vast mining area that has yet been barely prospected at all, but which promises to return handsome dividends.

According to Mr. Abbott, the great difficulty in the past confronting those who have endeavored to exploit this district has been the getting in of supplies, the distance from an outfitting point having been too great for the sledding in of stores in sufficient quantity.

Now this obstacle to advance is removed, and great money-making is anticipated so soon as the bedrock shall have been reached.

There were, when Mr. Abbott and his partner started out, a couple of hundred men working in the neighborhood of Jimtown, ground having been burned down for seven or eight feet, but the bedrock at no point having yet been touched. The surface dirt, however, panned from 4 to 75 cents, and so the miners have reason to anticipate that their fortunes will have been made when they commence to wash the dirt from bedrock.

Nor are these splendid prospects found on but one or two isolated creeks; the gold distribution appears to be remarkably even over the entire district, in which there are literally thousands of creeks contributing directly to the Koyukuk or its affluents.

As for the Koyukuk itself, the bars are returning rich dividends as far up as Tramway, while this creek, it is predicted, will yield millions in itself as soon as hydraulicing machinery can be introduced, the water requiring to be brought a distance of three miles, where it is abundant.

At Davis creek—where the discoverer, Davis, made a fortune sufficient to satisfy his ambition last year—$40 a day to the man is being made, and bedrock not yet approached; while Eureka, Bear and Tramway creeks are proving up equally well. Indeed, according to Mr. Abbott's testimony, there is not a stream in the district that will not pay from $15 to $20 a day to the most unskilful miner.

He and his partner are bound for Boston to renew acquaintance with their relatives. They will return to the Koyukuk in a few months, however, their mission being to build a steamer on the Columbia, especially equipped for the northern river conditions, and take it up via St. Michael laden with winter stores.

Of their trip out, Monson and Abbott could relate incidents that would fill several readable volumes. Snowshoes and dogsleds were employed, and the passage across the frozen fields of snow in the heart of the Arctic night was made with the thermometer falling as low as 65 degrees below zero; it was 72 below just before they left Jimtown.

At the start they took but eight days' provisions, counting upon making the Doll river trail before these were exhausted. They lost their way, however, and had but two bakings of flour left—and nothing else—when they providentially stumbled upon the Fort Yukon cutoff and a solitary Indian, who led them to his camp, some two miles further on. They there discovered that they were eight miles off the Doll river—and but for lucky accident would have been dead men in another day.

Going up Alatna creek the outcoming miners found that a grim tragedy had occurred the previous day, a resident who had come round the Horn from Gloucester, Mass., with the Harry J. Phillips party having found the silence of the northern wilderness too much for his brain, going insane, and freezing to death as he wandered about his claim.

Other miners were met with who had lost toes or fingers or other members through the frost; all were ready to admit, however, that their own carelessness was chiefly to be blamed for their misfortunes, and all were patriotically proud of the inhospitable land with which their fortunes are identified.

The great excitement of the North at the present time, according to the new arrivals, centres upon Independencia creek, some 300 miles below Circle City. This was tried a few years ago by prospectors and pronounced "cultus," as had the Eldorado itself. Four or five months ago, however, a raw cheechako, while prospecting 100 miles up the creek, stumbled upon dirt that gave $7 to the first pan. He could scarcely believe the evidence of his eyes, and called in old miners to confirm his good luck.

Then the news got out, and the stampede to Independencia set in. Men are still hurrying thither as fast as snowshoes or dogs can carry them, and all promise for the district a fame equalling if not eclipsing that of the Klondike itself.

No castings are used in the manufacture of Rambler Bicycles

A New Firm.—Mr. W. N. Lenfesty, who has been connected with the Dominion Express Co. in this city for the past seven years, has entered into the sporting goods business in partnership with the well-known gunsmith, Mr. C. Pichon, of 54 Johnson street, where a fine assortment of all kinds of fishing tackle will be found, the stock having arrived from England last night.

1899 SPRING OPENING,

Tuesday, March 21st

and Following Days, at

Henry Young & Co. The White House

Pemberton & Son 45 Fort St. Victoria, B. C.

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents

MONEY TO LOAN

On Productive Properties at Very Low Rates

DELTA FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

Six separate pieces of land fronting on Canoe Pass at present under cultivation and ready for crop varying in size from 14½ to 55 acres. These properties are thoroughly dyked and drained and are the richest and most productive kind of Delta lands. Plans to be seen and full particulars obtained at our office.

MANTELS, GRATES, and TILES,

Complete Fireplace Outfits in Latest Designs always on hand. An inspection invited. Call and see them at cor. Langley and Courtney sts. Near Post Office.

Agent for..... LUXFER PRISMS. W J. ANDERSON

TRADE MISSIONARIES,

Commercial Travellers of British Columbia Find Strength in Organization.

What the Drummer Does Toward Promoting a Country's Development.

Nansen the Great, who enjoys the distinction of having gone further than any other man of the past or present toward penetrating the mystery of the North Pole, is credited with the sage observation that should the Pole itself ever be "discovered," a drummer would be found opening his samples at its base, and holding the rapt attention of his throng of blubber-eating fur-clad native customers with the very latest story.

This pretty compliment to the commercial ambassador was paid at a dinner of the knights of the grip in New York city, and behind the explorer's fun is found a shrewd and philosophical recognition of the talent of the drummer for colonizing.

Few, perhaps, take the trouble to think about it, but those who do are satisfied that no class or element of a community do more, and with less ostentation, toward making known the general resources of a country—either in manufacturers, minerals, imported or home produced articles than he who during this century has been christened the "Drummer."

And in this new province of British Columbia the observation is particularly applicable, for the drummer has done and is doing here the work of many pamphlets and numerous boards of trade, in the advertising of resources, enlistment of capital, and opening up of new industrial interests.

In proportion to its population, too, British Columbia has perhaps more commercial travellers than any province in the Dominion, or state in the Union; while, as a class, it may be said of them that the British Columbia drummers are among the best informed of men, thoroughly loyal to the province, and never losing an opportunity to speak a good word for it wherever and whenever that word may be spoken.

Up to four years ago the travellers of British Columbia were a decidedly limited quantity, less than one hundred all told, and lacking that organization which is the secret of strength. Then came the era of organization, and to-day the Northwest Travellers Association alone has in this province some 125 members, with 250 others permanently located in the province, who are affiliated with other recognized associations of the Dominion.

The Northwest Travellers' Association is the best known of the list perhaps, for it has been most active in the furtherance of the interests of the craft in British Columbia, and has in Mr. A. R. Tufts, who just now is spending a few days at the Victoria, a most active and energetic secretary. The president for this year is Mr. F. W. Drury, of Winnipeg, while Mr. A. O. Campbell, of Vancouver, fills the vice chair, and Mr. F. J. Hall acts as resident director for the city of Victoria.

Under Mr. Tufts' generalship, special concessions to the members of the association have been secured from practically every transportation company of the Dominion—rail, or steamer or stage—and all hotels have adopted the recognized commercial rate—knowing how much the traveller does both directly and indirectly for the places to which he gives his attention.

Even the White Pass & Yukon Railway Co., operating the northernmost and newest railway in all America, have made a commercial rate of 50 per cent. off, and allow 150 pounds of baggage to be carried free as a special arrangement to the drummer in his colonization crusade.

Eight of ten of the members of the provincial association have already made trips to and from Dawson, while half dozen have done so profitable business in the heart of the Klondike that they have completed second trips. There is not a place in the province that does not receive frequent visits from the commercial missionaries—especially the representatives of the Victoria and Vancouver merchants—while as far East as Winnipeg the drummers have demonstrated the superiority of British Columbia salmon, lumber, teas, coffees, spices and preserved fruits—dried or in glass, the Okell & Morris Co. being the leaders in the latter lines.

And just here is a market that the business men of the province should cultivate and develop. Edmonton is at the present a particularly profitable centre for the distribution of Coast products, while from this end of the C P R. branching out into the Northwest and the Kootenays, the British Columbia travellers and their firms are not only making but holding trade against the strongest Eastern competition.

Mr. Tufts will be in Victoria for several days. He himself is a veteran of the craft, and it must be a source of great satisfaction to him to note the progress that is being made by the association with whose interests he has been and is so conspicuously identified.

Changing Places—Mr. Thomas A. Graham and Mr. Charles J. Steeple, both district freight and passenger agents of the Southern Pacific railway, were in the city yesterday. Mr. Graham is well known in this part of the country, having been stationed in the Northwest for a number of years past, and he is making the rounds of the cities introducing Mr. Steeple, with whom he is about to change districts. Mr. Steeple formerly had the district of which San Jose is the headquarters. He had a longing to come north, and Mr. Graham thought he would prefer California, and both being good men, the management saw no objection to their making a change, so change they did, and both are happy.

WHY Buy Cheap Grades of Bicycles, when you can get the best for the same prices?

VICTORS, - $55.00
STEARNS, - - $50.00
IMPERIAL. - $40.00

JOHN BARNSLEY & CO., AGENTS. 119 Government St.

Also Agents for Taylor's Fire-Proof Safes.

OAT MEAL CAKES...

The purest and most wholesome cakes that can be made. Nothing but selected oatmeal and shortning is used in their manufacture. We guarantee them to please or will take them back if you do not like them.

FIFTEEN CENTS DOZEN.

D. R. POTTINGER'S

Ideal Provision Store, 72 Yates street between Government and Broad.

Easter is Very Near

And the average man wants to wear a new suit of clothes at that time. We're prepared for your wants thoroughly and cheaply, too. All the season's choicest pickings you can find here, ranging in price from $6 to $15.

SPRING NECKWEAR
EASTER HATS
STYLISH SHIRTS

W. G. Cameron,

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson Street.

NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.

FORT ST.

THE WESTSIDE

Latest New York Styles
Ladies' Novelty Waists

Shirt Waists for street wear and for evening wear. Our present showing is the prettiest, showiest and neatest ever seen in Victoria. Each waist has the distinguishing marks of a master. Each is an art creation.

There is a tendency to white, while the always loved confections in colors are, if possible, prettier than ever.

Ready to Wear Skirts, In White, Pique and Crash

Crash and Denim Suits, A great variety to choose from.

All departments filling up rapidly these days with the newest productions for spring wear.

The Hutcheson Company, Ltd.

Latest from Klondyke

Unanimous decision at Miners convention

After examination of many Outfits we find that the best goods for least money came from the Old Reliable Clothing House

J. W. & J. Wilson Victoria B. C

Bicycles! Bicycles!! Bicycles!!!

A big run on Monarch, Tribune, and Defiance. Why?

Because they have all the 1899 improvements and sell at 1899 prices, ranging from $40 to $60, with twelve months' guarantee.

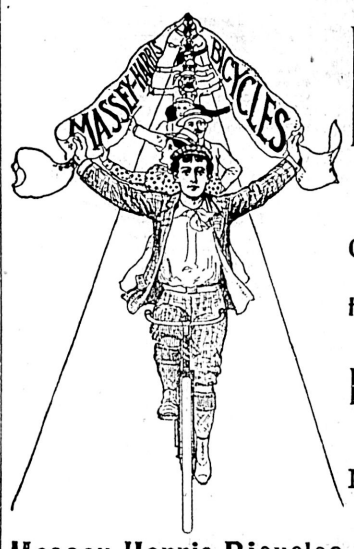
Monarch, models 67 and 68, Dunlop tires 60 00
Tribune, blue streak, Dunlop tires 65 00
Tribune, model 40 and 41, M. &W. tires 55 00
Defiance, model 63 and 64, the best value on the market, at 40 00

We also carry the largest stock of renting wheels and tandems in the city.

Olympic Cyclery, 74 Yates Street, T. G. Moody jr., Prop.

Try RADNOR WATER

TURNER, BEETON & CO., Agents



Massey-Harris Bicycles
$55.00

E. G. PRIOR & Co.

LIMITED LIABILITY

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. VICTORIA, and Hastings Street, : Vancouver

Iron, Steel, Hardware;

Wagons and Vehicles

Miners' and Loggers' Supplies

Agricultural Implements.

REMARKABLE.... Getting Ready for Spring Trade

SHOE SALE

24 pair Ladies' Box Calf B, Boot - $3 50, now $2 75
24 pr Ladies F Kid H Turn B Boot Opera Toe plain $5 50 now $3
24 pr Ladies' Kid Common Sense B. Boot, $4 00, now $2 75

Buy Now and Save Money

J. FULLERTON, 103 Government St.

CRESCENT...

The wheel that stands up:

Annual Sales

1894	Output over	51,000
1895	"	57,000
1896	"	70,000
1897	"	83,000
1898	"	100,000

No other make of bicycles can show such a record.

The record of the past makes "CRESCENTS" the bicycles of the future.

M. W. Waitt & Co. 60 Govt. S

Columbia and Cleveland agency.

GET YOUR BICYCLES OVERHAULED, CLEANED and ENAMELLED.

BEST WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

At the I.X.L. CYCLERY

65 Yates Street, Opp. Fire Hall.

J. N. S. WILLIAMS, ENGINEER

is prepared to supply and erect in working order Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery by the best makers. Hand, power and diamond rock drills a specialty. Office, No. 14 Board of Trade Bldg, Victoria. P.O. Box 641.

TO HUNT FOR GOLD.

Over a Hundred Prospective Miners Leave on the Tees for the North.

Steamer Horsa Changes Hands—Alaska Excursion Season Begins in May.

There was quite an exodus of gold seekers from Victoria on the Tees last night and the Cottage City, which leaves early this morning, another crowd of mining men will go North. Of the hundred and more who left on both steamers there was probably not one but who within the last few weeks has expended from $100 to $1,000 in buying supplies here, to say nothing of the transportation money left with local companies. On the Tees there was a party of sixty French-Canadians under the leadership of Messrs. Latourneau, Tetu and Balanger, who left a pile of money in this city. As previously stated they are heading for the Klondike district and going prepared to spend two years in the country. Among other passengers on the Tees were A. Watson and a party of carpenters going to Bennett to work on Capt. John Irving's new steamer; D. McKinnon and party of four, going to Atlin; J. St. Clair Blackett, H. S. Myrick and wife, Mr. Wamsley, A. S. Fraser, W. G. F. Perry, J. Brown and twenty-five second class. With the outfits of these passengers and some little boat building material and other freight the Tees had a good big load. The Cottage City, too, will be crowded this morning. Among those booked for her are D. Hannah, Grant Knight, Mrs. Tonpain, W. H. Loveridge, Geo. Earsman, V. R. O'Connor, P. R. Johnston, C. L. Walker and R. Gibbs.

TRANSFER OF THE HORSA.

One of the biggest local steamboat deals to go through in many weeks has just about been consummated, the vessel in question being the steamer Horsa, which for several months has been tied up to Spratt's wharf in the upper harbor. The buyer is Mr. S. Barber, the owner of two river steamers now at Wrangel, and the price paid was $22,000. The steamer cost several times that amount to build, and being in good running condition is considered a bargain. Not long ago it was stated by those having an interest in her that San Diego parties were negotiating for her purchase, but this seems to have been now lost sight of, and the vessel, instead of going South, will run North. She will probably leave here for St. Michael next Tuesday, and during the summer months will perform the ocean service of a steamboat line to Dawson, with the two river craft above mentioned running to White Horse. One of these will come down to Victoria for a new boiler, and then both will be towed to St. Michael en route to the northern lakes. The Horsa, too, may undergo a few slight changes before entering into service, but only to her cabins. Her machinery was tested on a trial run yesterday afternoon, when over a measured course she covered four miles in 16 minutes. Capt. Durie was in command, and a party of ladies and gentlemen were aboard, including Mr. Barber, Captains Foster, Roberts and Steele, Mr. Voss, wife and daughter, and Mr. Henry Wood and bride, of Alberni, who are staying at the Victoria.

NORTHERN EXCURSION SEASON.

Steamers Cottage City and City of Topeka will together handle the Alaskan excursions for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company this year unless present plans are altered. They will run on their present schedule with this exception that they will call at Glacier Bay, one of the most magnificent sights of the northland. The excursion season commences with the sailing of the Cottage City on May 30 and ends with the sailing of the City of Topeka on August 3. The rates for the round trip tickets, which are, to quote the words of the circular bearing on the subject addressed to the local agents of the line, "the only guarantee of proper accommodation on the return trip," are quoted at $60 from the Sound and $84 from San Francisco. The steamers Alki, the circular announces, will not call at the glacier or Sitka and will only go as far North as Dyea and Skagway, she being the third of the company's fleet in the Alaskan business.

MARINE NOTES.

The steamer City of Kingston last evening took out two carloads of oilmen's stores, ex ship Drumburton for a Seattle firm.

It is predicted by some Sound papers that the insurance rates on steamers in the Alaskan business will again advance in consequence of the Dirigo accident.

The ship Foyledale, which arrived from Japan last week, moved from the Royal Roads into Esquimalt harbor yesterday.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer from Vancouver.
Str. Kingston from Port Townsend.
Str. Tees from Union.
Str. Princess Louise from Westminster.
Str. Garland from Port Angeles.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer for Vancouver.
Str. Kingston for Port Townsend.
Str. Princess Louise for Westminster.
Str. Garland for Port Angeles.
Str. Willapa for Vancouver.
Str. Lottie for Saturna.

GEORGE BYRNES' FUNERAL.

Large Number of Citizens Pay Their Last Respects to the Memory of the Deceased.

There was a very large attendance of pioneers and representative men of the city and province generally at the funeral of the late George Byrnes, which took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, Rae street, and later from Christ Church cathedral. The floral tributes, too, were both numerous and beautiful, testifying to the esteem in which the deceased was held by Victorians. At the cathedral impressive services were conducted by Bishop Perrin, assisted by Archdeacon Scriven, the large edifice being filled with citizens. Archdeacon Scriven also conducted a short service at the grave side. The pallbearers were: Messrs. H. D. Helmcken, M.P.P.; S. A. Rogers, ex-M.P.P.; Capt. Bucknam, Joseph Wilson, Capt. Palmer, P. C. Dunlevy, D. E. Campbell and C. A. Holland.

Among the floral offerings were wreaths and crosses sent by the members of the James Bay Athletic Association, of which deceased was vice-president; the directors of the Jubilee hospital and the Pioneer Society.

Spring tiredness is due to an impoverished condition of the blood and is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which enriches the blood.

CITY ENGINEER FERGUSON.

A Toronto Gentleman Appointed to Succeed Mr. E. A. Wilmot.

From among 25 gentlemen in all parts of Canada and the United States, the city council at a special meeting last evening selected Mr. W. B. Ferguson, M. S. C. E., of Toronto, as successor to Mr. E. A. Wilmot in the office of city engineer. Mr. Ferguson is an engineer of twenty years' experience and has made a specialty of waterworks, electric power, electric light, road and bridge construction, drainage and sewage disposal. His application for the office of city engineer of Victoria read as follows:

To His Worship the Mayor and Gentlemen of the City Council of the City of Victoria, B. C.:

Gentlemen,—I desire to answer your advertisement in the Toronto Globe of the 4th inst. and previous dates, offering you my services as city engineer for the city of Victoria, B. C.

I am an engineer of over twenty years' practical experience, both as a mechanical and civil engineer. I was six years mechanical draughtsman for the Joseph Hall Engine & Machine Works, Oshawa, Ont., and left there to serve a term of four years, learning the profession of civil engineering with that eminent engineer and contractor, the late Frank Shanley, Esq., C.E. After I had served my term of four years, I was further engaged year by year with him for eight years as his construction engineer—five years of the time I was on city and municipal work. I enclose certified copy of Mr. Shanley's letter of recommendation.

I then took a course at the military college on hydrology, relating to water works and water powers; also on drainage and sewer disposal. I afterwards took a course on electric engineering as applied to light and power.

When the Toronto street railway was changed from a horse car service to an electric service, I was engaged by the city as inspector of street railway construction, and at the same time as inspector of street construction and re-construction with the several different kinds of pavements used; also at the same time on drainage and water supply. I was four years with the city. I enclose certified copy of letter of recommendation from H. D. Ellis, Esq., C.E., the roadway engineer.

I also enclose certified copies of letters of recommendation from Robert J. Fleming, Esq., assessment commissioner, then mayor; from Ald. W. Carlyle, chairman of the board of works; from Ald. Wm. Burns, now city controller.

I then went to Montreal for two years as inspector of street railway construction; also inspector of street construction and re-construction. I then spent eighteen months travelling in the United States, Central and South America in part, examining into the different systems of water supply, sewerage dismosal and drainage, electric lighting, street railway construction and management; also the different kinds of pavements in use in different parts, noting particularly the climatic effect on the same kinds of pavements in different parts, also noting the different methods of performing municipal public works.

I have been engaged the last year on county and corporation work, large drains, water works and the development of water powers. I had twenty-two miles of drain on hand. I am at present consulting engineer for two places on water powers. Am Scotch; 45 years of age.

I could make arrangements to come at once if my application is accepted, which I trust that it will.

Hoping to hear favorably from you, I remain yours respectfully,

WM. B. FERGUSON,
66 Grange Avenue,
Toronto, Ont.

Attached were testimonials from ex-Mayor (now assessment commissioner) Robert J. Fleming, of Toronto; Ald. William Carlyle, of the same city; City Centroller William Burns, Frank Shanley, C. E.; and H. D. Ellis, C. E., roadway engineer.

CATARRH CAN BE CURED.

Japanese Catarrh Cure.

Has successfully coped with this most dangerous disease, and cured to stay cured. Miss A. Knott, of Beachville, Ont., writes: "I we and only know of Japanese Catarrh Cure years ago, my father would have been saved from spending hundreds of dollars, and I would have been free from the constant pain and annoyance of this most disgusting disease. I have had catarrh for years. My head was so stuffed up so that I could not breathe through my nostrils. My breathe was very impure. I had a constant pain in my head and over my eyes. Nothing I could get gave me any permanent relief, ntil using Japanese Catarrh Cure. From the very first it gave me relief, and in a short time had removed the accumulation so that I could breathe freely through the nostrils. The pain left my head and eyes. It's effect upon my breath was truly wonderful, purifying and removing every vestige of the unpleasant odor and during the past year since using this remedy have not felt the least sign of my former trouble. I can highly recommend it." Sold by all druggists, 50 cents. Six boxes, with cure guaranteed, for $2.50. A free sample sent to any address. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church St., Toronto.

INDIAN SUPERSTITION.

Triplets Born to Native Woman Cause Alarm to a West Coast Tribe.

Chagley, a West Coast Indian, has evoked the wrath of the gods of vengeance, according to Indian tradition, and is doomed to a strange fate. He is a tribesman of Uchuckleset and an expert sealer, and his death, which he fears is near at hand, would be greatly deplored. The "misfortune" which has overcome Charley was heard of by Capt. Macaulay, of the schooner Penelope, a few weeks ago, when that vessel called at Uchuckleset to secure an Indian crew prior to leaving for the sealing grounds off the coast of California. Charley was a favorite Indian of the captain's, inasmuch as he was an expert with either the spear or gun, his aim almost invariably being true. The story of Charley's woes and tribulations is one of the strangest of Indian superstitions. A few months ago he became the father of triplets, and ever since he has been in great trouble. No money will induce him to go to sea, and no suasion can be brought to bear on him that will lure him away from his reservation. He is awaiting his end, and meanwhile the three children have, it is said, disappeared—how the Colonist informant was not in a position to state. The whole tribe at Uchuckleset were excited over the event.

IT NEVER DISAPPOINTS.

People who are troubled with any disease caused or promoted by impure blood or a low state of the system may take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the utmost confidence that its faithful use will effect a cure. Millions take it as a spring medicine, because they know by experience it is just what the system needs.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure.

Millinery Opening at the Bon Ton on Wednesday, March the 15th and following days.

IT GOES TO MONTREAL

Official Notice of the Appointment of an Outsider to Assist Superintendent of Asylum.

Other Appointments of Which Notice Is Given in the Gazette—New Companies.

Yesterday's Gazette contains a long list of appointments, including that of Dr. Manchester, of Montreal, to be assistant medical superintendent of the hospital for the insane at New Westminster, as announced yesterday morning. The full list of appointments follows:

Joseph A. MacAloney, of Nanaimo, to be official administrator for the county of Nanaimo, vice Frederick McB. Young, resigned.

William George Paxton, of Revelstoke, to be a mining recorder for the Atlin lake mining district.

Frederick Fraser, J.P., of Revelstoke, to be a mining recorder for the Revelstoke mining division; a deputy clerk of the peace for the county of Kootenay, and a collector under the "Revenue" and "Revenue Tax" acts, vice W. G. Paxton, transferred to Atlin lake.

John Cochrane, of Victoria; Henry H. Watson, of Vancouver; and Thos. A. Muir, of New Westminster, to be members of the board of examiners under the "Pharmacy act," for the year 1899.

Edward Arthur Carew-Gibson, of Victoria, formerly clerk in the department of agriculture, to be a clerk in the office of the provincial secretary, vice J. Fortesque Foulkes, resigned.

G. H. Manchester, M.D., to be assitant medical superintendent of the hospital for the insane, New Westminster.

Edwin C. Austin, of Vancouver, and Johnstone M. P. Gray, of New Westminster, to be notaries public.

The jurisdiction of Wm. H. Vickers, of Atlin, as a notary public, has been transferred from the county of Kootenay to the county of Nanaimo.

The commission issued to Thomas F. Frasswell, of Huntingdon, as justice of peace of the riding of Chilliwack, has been revoked.

SMALL DEBTS COURT.

Under section 4 of the Small Debts Court act amendment act, 1899, the Lieutenant-governor in council has authorized the following police and stipendiary magistrates to hold Small Debts courts in the territories mentioned:

James Abrams, of Cumberland, P.M., S.M., for the city of Cumberland and the Comox electoral district.

Edward Albert Crease, of Nelson, P.M., S.M., for the city of Nelson.

George Albert Jordan, of Rossland, P.M., for the city of Rossland.

Joseph Kirkpatrick Johnson, of Grand Forks, P.M., for the city of Grand Forks.

George Christie Tunstall, of Kamloops, S.M., for the province of British Columbia.

J. M. Lindsay-Alexander, of Port Simpson, S.M., for the county of Nanaimo.

George Pittendrigh, of New Westminster, S.M., for the counties of Westminster, Yale and Vancouver, excepting the city of Vancouver.

Robert A. Anderson, of Vancouver, S.M., for the county of Vancouver.

John Stevenson, of Barkerville, S.M., for the county of Cariboo.

Caspar Phair, of Lillooet, S.M., for the counties of Yale and Cariboo.

Michael Phillips, of Tobacco Plains, S.M., for the Eeast Kootenay electoral district south of Canal Flat.

James Ferguson Armstrong, of Fort Steele, S.M., for the East Kootenay electoral district.

James Porter, of Telegraph Creek, S.M., for the Stikine polling division of the Cassia relectoral district.

Charles A. R. Lambly, of Osoyoos, S.M., for the Yale electoral district.

Peter Secord Lampman, of Victoria, S.M., for the city of Victoria, and within a radius of 40 miles therefrom.

NEW COMPANIES.

Notice is given of the incorporation of the following new companies: "Columbia Stage Co." of Columbia, capital $13,000; "Ecuador McKinney Mining Co., Ltd.," non-personal liability, of Camp McKinney, capital $100,000; "Brooklyn Mining Co.," of Vancouver, capital $1,500,000; "Oakhurst Hop Co., Ltd.," of Victoria, to take over the business now carried on by R. H. Breeds at Oakhurst, North Saanich, capital $100,000.

"The Industrial Union," a society for mutual benefit and co-operation, has been formed by residents of Ruskin, the temporary officers being: President, Henry George Selby-Hele; vice-president, John P. Kinsalde; secretary, Ormond L. Charleton; treasurer, Sam. Morrow.

COURTS OF REVISION.

Dates have been fixed for holding courts of revision, under the Provincial Elections act, as follows: For Surrey district at town hall, Surrey Centre, on April 24, at 10 a.m.; For East Yale, at Vernon, May 1, at 11 a.m.; Slocan Riding of West Kootenay, on May 1, at 11 a.m.; North Riding of East Kootenay, at Donald, on May 1, at 12 o'clock; for West Yale, at Yale, May 1, at 11 a.m. Municipal courts will be held at town hall, Surrey Centre, for Surrey, on April 24, at 10 a.m.; and for Dewdney, at Burton school house, on April 2; and for Samas, at Upper Sumas, April 15, at 12 noon; and at Hatzic school house, May 6, at 2 p.m.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Sam. J. Mighton, of Nelson, has assigned to Hugh R. Cameron, and a meeting of the creditors will be held at Nelson on March 20.

COMPANY MEETING.

The shareholders of the Grand Forks Mercantile Co., Ltd., will be held at Grand Forks on April 1 for the election of directors and other business.

TIMBER PERMITS.

An order-in-council of the Dominion government respecting the regulations governing the granting of yearly licenses and permits to cut timber on Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Noghwest Territories and twenty miles on either side of the C.P.R. in British Columbia, is published. The new regulations provide that a homesteader may cut 2,000 fence rails; the provision for the payment by actual settlers of dues at the rate of 12½ cents per cord for cordwood and rails made from dry standing timber is rescinded; and section 24, which gives homesteaders and all bona fide settlers whose farms may not have thereon a supply of timber, a free permit to take and cut dry fallen timber for their own use on their farms for fuel and fencing, is amended by leaving out the word fallen.

WHEN BEAUTY FADES.

In response to repeated inqsiries from ladies with whom Dr. Chase's Ointment has become so popular for skin diseases, asking if face powders are injurious and can be used while using the ointment, we state that while the majority of face powders are injurious we can recommend the recipes given in Dr. Chase's supplementary recipe book on page 45, which will be sent to any address on receipt of 5c. in stamps. Dr. Chase's Ointment is the ladies' friend for all diseases. Address Dr. A. W. Chase Co., Toronto.

THE CITY

St. Patrick's Day.—An Irish social will be held this evening—March 17—in the lecture room of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. An Irish welcome will be extended to all.

Committed for Trial.—The hearing of the Droob indecent assault case was concluded in the city police court yesterday, the defendant, John G. Young, being formally committed for trial. He will apply to one of the Supreme court judges for release upon bail.

Dyspepsia in its worst form will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Streak of Bad Luck.—Bad luck seems to be pursuing Mr. Shaw, the cabinet maker who a week or so ago had two fingers of his right hand cut off by a machine at Sehl's factory. Just before leaving New Westminster he was burned out of house and home, losing pretty nearly everything he owned. Next came his second misfortune, that of losing two of his fingers, and now comes his third and fourth blow. During the last few days his wife has been obliged to undergo an operation in the hospital and yesterday another amputation of one of his fingers was found necessary, through blood poisoning setting in.

A Thing of Reality.—A new attraction has just been added to the provincial museum collection in the shape of a large bull moose, presented by Mr. J. T. Studleigh, of London, England, last fall and mounted by Curator Fannin. The animal was shot at Cook's Inlet, and it is not the only gift to the museum by Mr. Studleigh, for there are several mountain sheep there to which the same donor's name is attached. The specimen has a commanding appearance, and is much the largest now on exhibition, standing 5 feet 9 inches in height and being 10 feet in length.

Prevented a Tragedy.—Sergeant Hawton, by arresting two Chinamen last evening spoiled what had every indication of developing into a good "case." The charge recorded is that of carrying a concealed weapon, to wit a wicked looking knife about two feet in length with a guard like that of a sword. A white man whose kloochman companion has captivated one of the Chinese was the original complainant and the theory is that the Chinaman was looking for this white man when the police rudely disturbed their sanguinary plans.

Travelling Libraries.—In response to application Provincial Librarian Scholefield is sending out a number of travelling libraries, each consisting of about 100 selected volumes. This is being done in order to give the country districts the advantages of the provincial library and as applications are received they will be dealt with, those now being looked after being from Cape Scott, Vernon, Chilliwack, Abbottsford, Centralia Park, Armstrong and Sidney. Each library will be allowed to remain three months in a place unless a petition is received for an extension of time.

Not the Armours.—Mr. Ralph Smyth, general representative of Armour & Co.'s digestive ferments, extract of beef and vigoral, is paying Victoria a visit just at this time that all the continent has been set discussing the merits and demerits of canned goods, as a result of the latest army scandal. The funny paragraphist has even gone so far as to suggest that the Armours should do great business with the army, supplying canned beef that could either be eaten or used as ammunition. In this connection Mr. Smyth points out that the Armours have been made to bear the consequences attendant upon the faults of their rivals in the trade. No Armour beef ever "exploded"; nor has most careful investigation shown anything in Armour methods detracting from the general wholesomeness of Armour productions. The trouble has been, he claims, that the mass of the people know Armour, and only Armour, in the trade of which he was the founder, and therefore the Armours are blamed for the acts of competitors.

AN UNFORTUNATE HUNTSMAN.

London, March 16.—Mr. Leopold de Rothschild, who recently broke his nose by striking the branch of a tree while riding to hounds near Windsor, met with a still more serious accident while riding to the same hounds yesterday. He was thrown from his horse into a ditch, fracturing his collar bone and one of his ribs.

TALMAGE'S RESIGNATION.

Washington, March 16.—The resignation of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage as pastor of the First Presbyterian church was accepted to-night at a sparsely attended meeting of the congregation. No action was taken toward determining his successor.

The salt contained in ripe, fresh fruits is beneficial to the system. The scarcity of fresh fruits in the winter time is often a cause of serious illness. The basis of ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT is the salt extracted from the juices of fresh fruits. It keeps you in excellent health the year 'round. All druggists sell this standard English preparation at 60c a large bottle; trial size, 25c.

CHAS. HAYWARD
Funeral Director and Embalmer
92 Government St., Victoria
The Largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province

Apollinaris
("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS")
BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTIONS.
SOLE AGENTS: HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

RELIEF IN 10 MINUTES!

Every sufferer from catarrh who reads these lines will find in them a message of hope. No matter how severely he may be afflicted, no matter how many so-called remedies he may have tried, no matter how many physicians have experimented upon him in vain, no matter how completely he may have despaired of ever ridding himself of his disgusting and distressing malady—he can be cured! Hundreds upon hundreds of cases as bad as his have been fully and permanently cured by DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER.

This wonderful remedy never fails if taken before catarrh has developed into other necessarily fatal diseases. Don't put it off—go at once to your druggist and get a bottle. It will relieve you in 10 minutes—it will place you on the road to full recovery immediately. It cures cold in the head, sore throat, tonsilitis, asthma, hay fever, loss of smell and deafness. Here is an interesting letter from the Rev. James Murdock, of Harrisburg, Pa.:

"When I know anything is worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to let my friends know it. I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder for the last two months and am now completely cured of catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me within five minutes. I would not be without it in one house if it cost $5 a bottle, as it will cure any slight cold I may have, almost instantly." At all druggists.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart relieves heart disease in 30 minutes. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills—25c. for 40 doses—are the best. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in a day eczema, tetter and all skin diseases. Cures piles in 2 to 5 nights. 35c. 10

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Ask your Grocer or Tobacconist for the following Standard Brands of Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos

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Golden Plug,	Free Trade,
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BEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY. SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.
DOES NOT BURN THE TONGUE.
MADE BY EMPIRE TOBACCO CO., LD.

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FISH
Of every description.
KIPPERED HERRINGS, HERRINGS IN TOMATO SAUCE.
FINDON HADDOCKS,
PRESERVED BLOATERS, FRESH HERRINGS.
JAMS, MARMALADES,
WORCESTER SAUCE.
MACONOCHIE BROS., LONDON, ENG.

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CEYLON TEA
Rich, Pure, Fragrant, The Finest Money Can Buy.
Over 1,000,000 packages Lipton's Teas sold weekly in Great Britain alone.
½, 1 lb. and 5 lb. canisters.
Put up by the grower.
THOS EARLE, Victoria, Wholesale Agent.

DINNEFORD'S
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.
The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.
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MAGNESIA
Sold Throughout the World.
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Can be had by applying to
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Can be bought at Stoddart's at prices (considering quality) quite as cheap as the Eastern houses advertise their goods. The customer in buying here will save freight, and if the goods are found not satisfactory can obtain an exchange easier than sending goods back to Toronto, etc.
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The Handsomest Lady's Gold Ring ever sold for	2.00

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Cash purchaser of Nugget Gold to any amount.

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Are to be had at the office of THE COLONIST in any quantity desired.

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BUTTER FACTORIES,
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are now universally using
EDDY'S
ANTISEPTIC
FIBREWARE
because it prevents decay, resists contamination, is light, durable and costs but a trifle.....
The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
J. MITCHELL, Agent
Victoria and Vancouver

TENDERS.

Separate tenders, sealed and endorsed, will be received by the undersigned up to 4 o'clock, April 4th inst., for the following carbons and globes for the City Electric Lighting Department:

FIRST.

35,000 Carbons, 5-8 by 12 in. copper-coated.
5,000 Carbons, 5-8 by 12 in. Plain.
15,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 12 in. Plain.
5,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 12 in. copper-coated.
5,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 8 in. copper-coated.
15,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 8 in. Plain.

SECOND.

One gross Clear Arc Globes 12 x 12 x 2 1-2 top opening not less than 6 1-2 in., nor more than 8 in.
One dozen Ground Glass Globes, same size.

Specifications for carbons can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., March 6th, 1899.

NOTICE.

The DAILY COLONIST is for sale at the news stands and on the streets of Vancouver on the arrival of the steamer from Victoria and at the following additional places:

From all C. P. R. News Agents.
From all E. & N. News Agents.

NANAIMO.....E. Pimbury & Co.
WELLINGTON.....Theo. Bryant.
CUMBERLAND.....J. D. McLean.
VANCOUVER.....Clarke & Stuart
.....Hotel Vancouver.
NEW WESTMINSTER.....D. Lyall & Co.
KAMLOOPS.....W. T. Javin.
.....J. A. Dalton.
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GOLDEN.....S. W. Field.
REVELSTOKE.....Batterson & Co.
.....F. W. Wells.
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REVELSTOKE STATION.....A. J. Aman.
.....McDowell, Atkins, Watson Co.
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NELSON.....Humphreys & Co.
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NAKUSP.....P. H. Kelleker.
SANDON.....Slocan News Co.
NEW DENVER.....C. F. Nelson.
SILVERTON.....Silverton News Co.
FORT STEELE.....E. J. Conn.
CRANBROOK.....R. E. Beattie.
CALGARY.....Linton Bros.
WRANGEL.....Kosso & Sales.
ROSSLAND.....M. W. Simpson.
TRAIL.....F. W. Brown.
KASLO.....Lamont & Young.
SLOCAN.....Slocan News Co.
SKAGWAY.....Skagway News Co.
.....Custom House
CUSTOM HOUSE, LOG CABIN, N.W.T.
.....Thos. Tugwell.
PORT TOWNSEND.....M. French & Co.
SEATTLE.....Hotel Butler.
.....C. Y. Oyston.
.....Hotel Seattle.
.....Puget Sound News Co.
.....J. Hefferman.
.....Eastern News Co.
P. R. Wilson, 104 Occidental Ave.
.....G. T. Ward, 109 Columbia St.
TACOMA.....G. Wolfe, 1203 Pacific Ave.
Central News Co., corner 11th and Pacific Avenue.
SPOKANE.....M. W. Shaw, Hotel Spokane.
.....Daly & Co., P.O. News Stand.
SAN FRANCISCO.....Palace Hotel News

Blue Ribbon Baking Powder

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

CANADA'S GOVERNMENT

Sir John Bourinot Explains and Contrasts Main Points in Her System.

Why Second Chambers Have Been Called For—The Governor's Right to Interfere.

From the Montreal Gazette.

The last meeting for the present session of the Literary Society of McGill university was held last night in the Molson hall. The speaker upon this occasion was Sir John Bourinot, who took as his subject: "Our Political Institutions, Their Strength and Weakness."

Dr. Peterson, the principal of the university and honorary president of the society, presided and introduced the lecturer. In doing so, Dr. Peterson briefly expressed the pleasure he experienced in being the medium through which Sir John Bourinot was presented to the audience.

SIR JOHN'S ADDRESS.

Sir John Bourinot commenced by saying that the study of political science is of great importance in a country like Canada, where the people enjoy so large and liberal a system of government. All the universities of Canada, and of America generally, should extend their action—to repeat the language of the late Professor Seeley, of Cambridge—over the whole community by creating an order of high-class popular teachers, who shall lend their aid everywhere in the impartial study of great questions, political or other, and so play a part in the guidance of the national mind, such as has never been played by universities in the world before. In a country like Canada, where selfish considerations of party are so apt to stifle any candid or independent expression of opinion which is not calculated to promote the interests of factions or parties, it is absolutely essential to the education of the public mind and the dissemination of sound principles of government that we should have some publicists, thinkers and teachers who can rise to a higher level and assist the young men of this country in taking a fitting and useful part in its future government.

We see by a study of the constitution of Canada that sectional, racial and religious considerations have largely influenced its character, and it is really a solemn legal compact or agreement between the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and the Maritime provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, in the first instance, for the purpose of preserving certain local rights, privileges and interests, while yielding others of national importance as necessary to the establishment of a federal union. Representation in the lower or popular house of the federal parliament has been based on population so as to conserve the peculiar interests of the French province of Quebec, and at the same time give full scope to the just claims of the ambitious and growing English province of Ontario, which has asserted itself so determinately years before 1867, as to make government impossible under a union which did not do justice to its increase in numbers. While representation by population has been fully established in the constitution of the Commons' house, sectional or territorial interests have been given due weight in the constitution of the upper house by dividing Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime provinces into three distinct divisions with equal representation. The civil law and language of French Canada have been given legal guarantees which make that section independent of the English provinces. Protection has been given also to religious minorities with respect to denominational schools in a province. All through the act we can see evidences of the desire that actuated the makers of the federal constitution to do full justice to the diverse racial, religious and territorial interests that dominate one or other of the provinces.

The lecturer then proceeded to refer to the machinery of the government of Canada and its capacity for working out the principles of the federal union. Provision is made in the British North America Act for the maintenance of the sovereignty of the imperial state, the establishment of a central government for the whole federation, the preservation of the autonomy of the provinces within certain well-defined limits, and at the same time the judicial settlement of questions of dispute that necessarily arise in the practical operation of a written federal constitution.

THE GOVERNOR'S POWERS.

From such dangers as seem inherent in a presidential contest in the United States, Canada is happily free under her constitution, which makes the sovereign the permanent head of the executive, and removes her representative from the turmoil of political controversy. In the administration of public affairs, the Governor-General is guided by the advice of responsible advisers, representing the opinions of the majority of the legislature. In Canada, for many years past, the policy of the Imperial government has been to refuse to interfere in any way with its domestic affairs, but to leave them entirely in the hands of the governor and his advisers, who act in such matters in accordance with the well-known principles of the British constitutional system. It is only with respect to questions immediately affecting imperial interests, especially the relations of the empire with foreign nations, that the governor can be said to be thrown to any extent on his own responsibility as an imperial officer. Under the present system of responsible government the people can never complain of the abuse of the royal perogative as in old colonial times. Abuse of power, or danger to public interests, cannot be apprehended from the head of the executive authority; on the contrary, what peril there may be is latent in the conditions of party government. A ministry may be forced into positions not of public advantage by a strong and unscrupulous party behind it, and the Crown may have it in its power to intervene in the public interest, and force a resignation or a dissolution as a remedy. In any case, the Governor-General must have the support of ministers who will defend his action under whatever conditions he may be forced to act. If it were not for such latent power in the Crown—a discretionary authority to be used under exceptional circumstances and for reasons of urgent public necessity—the system of responsible government might degenerate into what would be equivalent to a dangerous party oligarchy.

SECOND CHAMBERS.

With reference to the abolition of the legislative councils in all the provinces except Nova Scotia and Quebec, not a few thinkers believe that it would have been wiser, in view of the hasty legislation that may be expected from purely democratic bodies, as the lower houses are becoming under the influence of an extended franchise—manhood franchise existing in nearly all the provinces, including the great English province of Ontario—to have continued the English bi-cameral system, which still exists in the great majority of parliamentary bodies throughout the world, and which even the republican neighbors of Canada have insisted on in every stage of their constitutional development, as necessary to the legislative machinery of the nation and of every state in the union. It would have been much better to have created an upper house, which would be partly elected by the people and partly appointed by the Crown, which would be fairly representative of the wealth, industry and culture of the country—the last being insured by university representation. Such a house would, in the opinion of those who have watched the course and tendency of legislation since the abolition of these upper chambers—notably of late in the assemblies of Ontario and British Columbia—act more or less as legislative breakwaters against unsound or hasty legislation and chimerical schemes.

While the majority of the provinces vary from all other countries of English institutions, by abolishing the legislative councils, the federal government follows directly the English model by continuing the upper house, which is appointed by the Crown on the advice of the ministry. In this connection, Sir John Bourinot gave a brief review of the constitution of the Senate, and referred to the various methods devised in the dependencies of Australasia and European countries to strengthen the upper house and at the same time prevent deadlocks. It was impossible to come to any satisfactory conclusion on the working of such constitutional changes, merely experiments so far. In Canada, and wherever an appointed house exists, it is party nomination which creates the crucial difficulty. This system tends at times to weaken the house and intensify the agitation which is aroused in case of the rejection of a measure carried by a large majority of the popular body, where the dominant party is for the time being of a political complexion different from that which may then prevail in the appointed chamber. The tendency in modern political experiment seems to be to bring in the popular or elective principle for the purpose of strengthening the upper house, the necessity of which as a conservative and restraining barrier in a system of sound popular government is generally admitted throughout the world. In every upper house the universities should be represented by several members.

With respect to the interpretation of the constitution, and the settlement of questions of jurisdiction between the various authorities, the strength of our system lay mainly in the reference to the courts. In Canada, as in all other countries inheriting English law, there is that great respect for the judiciary, which enables the people to accept its decisions when they would look with doubt and even suspicion on the acts of purely political bodies. We need only look to the experience of the United States to test the value of judicial opinions on constitutional issues.

A COMPARATIVE VIEW.

Sir John Bourinot then made some comparison between the political institutions of Canada and the United States. He emphasized the following conditions of strength in the Canadian system of government—the elastic operation of responsible governments, the infrequency of political elections, the holding of elections for the Dominion Parliament and for the legislative assemblies of the provinces at different dates, the entire separation of municipal from provincial or other political questions; the appointment of all judges and public officials by the government; the permanency and non-political tenure of the civil service. On the other hand, the weaknesses of the American system, in fact, the evils that are sapping the republican and purely democratic institutions of the States, mainly arise from these causes: The intimate connection between national states and municipal politics, the frequency of elections, which bring into play all the schemes and machinations of the party managers and "bosses," the spoils system, and the popular election of numerous public officials, who, as a consequence, are more or less partisans, and supply a large proportion of the corruption funds of political parties. Canadians cannot too seriously reflect on the fact that the result of the spoils system has been in the several states the creation of the most discreditable class of professional politicians, who ever lowered the institutions of a country of free government. The moment you bring party activity into play to obtain control of offices, and make those offices the chief means by which a party is to acquire and hold power, you contaminate the whole body and drain it of all its moral strength.

It was most important for Canadians to look closely into the workings of the political institutions of our great neighbor that they may best understand how little we could gain by changing in any respect the fundamental basis of the constitution under which we so happily live, or by forming any close political connection with the federal republic which, despite its great extent of territory, its increasing population—already over seventy millions—and its imperialistic ambition, possesses within itself the elements of inherent weakness and actual inferiority, as compared with this young Canadian nation, which has succeeded in holding its own for more than a century on the American continent in the face of the attraction which some may think would force the smaller and relatively insignificant body towards the greater, possessing as it does all the alluring attributes of a powerful national sovereignty. We have now arrived at a crisis in our national development. Canadians would never lose sight of the advantages of our present situation, and the satisfactory operation of our own institutions of government whilst showing every desire to assist the Mother Country in its designs to placate the United States, itself entering on a career of imperial ambition. It is well not to lose sight of the fact that what conditions of weakness now show themselves in the working of our institutions can be largely traced to the influence of our neighbors. Indeed, it would be remarkable if Canada should not in the course of time be more or less influenced by the political and social conditions of a country which, like our own, is essentially a democracy, controlled by the methods of popular and party government.

ELECTION OF OFFICIALS.

We had a remarkable illustration of the influence of our democratic neighbors in the agitation, which was commenced not long ago in the province of Ontario, to make elective certain provincial appointments, sheriffs and registrars among others, or else to give them to the municipal councils of the counties. Sir Oliver Mowat, then premier, found it necessary to appoint an influential commission to consider the whole question, and the result was the accumulation of a large mass of evidence which showed that the intelligent and sound principle of the province was opposed to the proposed change. The fact, however, that such a commission had to be appointed in the premier province of the Dominion shows the tendency in certain quarters to borrow the most injurious features of the political system of our neighbors. Had this unwise effort of, happily, still a small minority been successful, in all probability the pressure would be so great even on the Dominion parliament that it would have great difficulty in stemming the torrent that provincial indiscretion might set flowing by the removal of those wise barriers which sound policy has heretofore raised against popular and party license. A federal union rests on the broad basis of states or provinces and the political conditions of every state or province must, more or less, sooner or later, influence those of the federation or dominion to which those states or provinces give life and strength.

We also see illustrations of the influence of our neighbors in the tendency to introduce party politics into the elections of municipalities—in the bringing in of federal issues into provincial political contests—and above all in the gradual disappearance of all independence of sentiment, in the absence of high ideals in the field of political controversy, and in the lowering in some respects of a sense of individual honor and dignity as a consequence of the absolutism of the party machine and the deteriorating influences of purely democratic conditions. I make these reflections as a result of my experience and thought for nearly 40 years' study of party government. Our thinkers and teachers who are observing the practical working of our institutions, should seriously consider what methods are necessary to arrest the progress of conditions which may in the course of time brings us to the level of the democratic defects of our neighbors.

THINGS TO BE AVOIDED.

The evidence of national unity—of confidence in a Canadian federation from the Atlantic to the Pacific—are more encouraging than any afforded by the United States at any time in her history from 1787 to 1865, when the civil war was closed, slavery and secession received a deathblow and the cause of national unity triumphed. The people of French Canada, and of all the provinces, have gained steadily by the adoption of the federal constitution, and under no other system would it be possible to give due scope to the aims and aspirations of the respective nationalities and interests that compose the Dominion. It is a system which, having at its base respect for local and provincial rights, creates at the same time a spirit of common and national interest which binds diverse and otherwise isolated communities together in a union necessary to give them strength against the attacks of foes within and foes without. In countries peopled and governed like Canada, all history tells us that there are three great dangers to be avoided. First of all, that sectionalism which is narrow and selfish in its aspirations and is ever underating the vital importance of national and dominion aims; secondly, that sectarianism which represents the bigotry of old ages of religious fueds, and would judge all other faiths by its own canons and beliefs; thirdly, that nationalism, which Papineau represented—which wise French Canadians in later times have repudiated, and which be as dangerous in the English west as in the French east, should it ever again come to a "war of races," Anglo-Canadian against French Canadian. As long as the respective members of the federation observe faithfully the principles of the compact on which it necessarily rests—perfect equally among all its sections, a due consideration for local rights, a deep national sentiment whenever the interest of the whole federation is at stake—the people of this Dominion need not fear failure in their efforts to accomplish the great work in which they have been so long engaged.

When we review the trials and struggles of the past that we may gain from them lessons of confidence for the future, let us not forget to pay a tribute to the men have laid the foundations of these communities, still on the threshold of their development, and on whom the great burden fell. To the French Canadians who, despite the neglect and indifference of their kings, amid toil and privation, built up a province which they have made their own by their patience and industry, and who should, differ as we may from them, evoke our respect for their fidelity to the institutions of their origin, for their appreciation of the advantages of English self-government, and for their co-operation in all great measures essential to the unity of the federation. To the loyalists of last century who left their homes for the sake of "king and country," and laid the foundation of prosperous and loyal English communities by the sea and by the great lakes, and whose descendants have ever stood true to the principles of the great institutions which have made Britain free and great. To the unknown body of pioneers, some of whose names, perhaps, still linger on a headland or river or on a neglected gravestone, who let in the sunlight year by year to the dense forests of these countries, and built by their industry the large and thriving provinces of the Dominion. Above all, to the men who laid deep and firm, beneath the political structure of this confederation, those principles of self-government which give harmony to our constitutional system and bring out the best qualities of an intelligent people. In the early times in which they struggled they had to bear much obloquy, and their errors of judgment have been often severely arraigned at the bar of public opinion; many of them lived long enough to see how soon men may pass into oblivion; but we who enjoy the benefit of their earnest endeavors now that the voice of the party passion of their times is hushed, should never forget that though they are not here to reap the fruit of their labors, their work survives in the energetic and hopeful communities that stretch from Cape Breton to Vancouver.

At the conclusion of the lecture, a hearty vote of thanks was proposed and seconded by undergraduate members of the society and presented to the lecturer by Dr. Peterson.

Dr. Bourinot, in rising to acknowledge the vote of thanks, expressed the pleasure with which he had addressed them. He also ventured to hope that in the near future there would be established at McGill university what he personally felt to be greatly lacking at present, that is a chair of political science.

The meeting broke up with the singing of the National Anthem, in which the whole audience joined.

TO PLAY VANCOUVER.

Hockey Club Select Their Team for To-morrow—Other Sporting Events.

The appended team have been chosen to play against the Vancouver Hockey Club at Oak Bay park to-morrow afternoon at 3, and as all the players have been practising faithfully, they will doubtless make a good showing against the formidable combination travelling on to-day's Charmer from the Terminal City: Goal, T. P. Patton; backs, A. Maclean and R. H. Swinerton; halfbacks, A. W. V. Innes, H. Gillespie and J. H. Austin; forwards, D. Rogers, K. Scholefield, C. Gamble, F. Futcher (captain) and B. Tye. With one or two slight changes, the team is practically the same which defeated Vancouver here in January, and as a considerably stronger aggregation is expected from Vancouver, a most exciting game may be safely calculated upon.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Last Junior League Game.

The tie for the Victoria junior league championship will be played at Beacon hill to-morrow afternoon between the Y.M.C.A. and No. 2. Co. Boys' Brigade. This game has been looked forward to with the greatest interest for on its result depends the championship. It is expected to be by far the best of the series as the teams contesting are most evenly matched and have been practising hard. All the regular games of the schedule have been played, the Y.M.C.A. and Boys' Brigade coming out tie with nine points each, necessitating this extra game. The teams as they will line up tomorrow are:

Y.M.C.A.—Goal, J. Lawrence; backs, R. Peden and O. Auld; half backs, J. Belyea, J. Johnston and S. Winsby; forwards, G. Grant, G. Brown, V. Gray, J. Dakers and C. Bishop. Colors, white.

Boys' Brigade.—Goal, W. Edmonds; backs, F. Mason and A. Belyea; half backs, J. Hogg, A. Haughton and R. Barber; forwards, T. Peden, H. Roskamp, S. Lorimer, R. Dunn, and G. Temple. Colors, white and blue.

Kick-off at 2 p.m. Official referee, J. Baird.

THE ROD.

Train Service.

In consequence of the opening of the fishing season special train arrangements have been made by the E. & N. Railway Company that cannot but give thorough satisfaction to all. Pending yet more complete arrangements, trains will be despatched on Sunday from the Store street station at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m., returning at noon and 8 in the evening. Excursion tickets will be on sale tomorrow and Sunday to all points "up the line," good to return on Monday. The fishing is said to be particularly good at Shawnigan, several good baskets of fat three-pounders coming down yesterday.

THE HUNT.

Club Meet.

The meet on Saturday, March 18th, will take place at Mr. W. Burton's house on Cook street at 2:30 p.m.

PERSONAL.

James Daughtry, the Klondike pioneer, returned from the Sound last evening.

M. Guttmann and wife left last evening for San Francisco.

Seymour Hastings O'Dell has been appointed night clerk of the Hotel Victoria.

Herry Hamburger and W. C. Leak, who recently returned from Dawson, came over from the Sound last evening.

J. B. Hobson and Stuart Henderson of Ashcroft are guests at the Driard.

G. Robertson of Vancouver is at the Driard.

E. P. Davis, O.C., came over from Vancouver last evening.

Mrs. T. Tiedemann arrived from Portland last evening and is at the Driard.

Frank Western, C.P.R. auditor, registered at the New England yesterday.

A. R. Johnston of Nanaimo is at the Victoria.

A. R. McKella of Dawson registered at the Driard last evening.

HOCKEY IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 16.—The hockey players known as the All New Yorks were defeated to-night by the Shamrocks of Montreal in a close and exciting game at the Clairmont avenue rink, Brooklyn. The score was 5 goals to 2.

Millinery Opening at the Bon Ton on Wednesday, March the 15th and following days.

La Grippe and Pneumonia

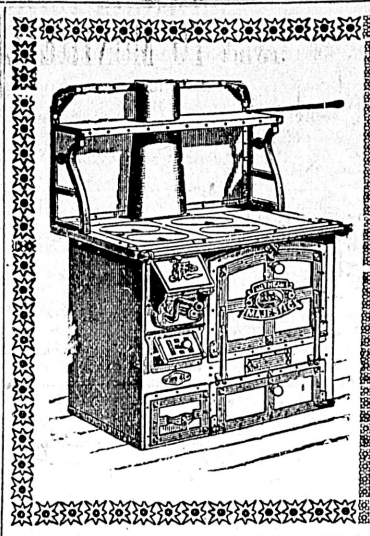
The Former is Cured, the Latter Prevented by Dr. Chase's Great Twin Remedies.

A glance at the newspapers is sufficient to arouse alarm at the unusual number of deaths from puenmonia, and in almost every case the illness began with la grippe.

But while many are dying, thousands are being cured of la grippe and saved from pneumonia and death by using Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine and Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure relieves the pressure which causes headache, clears the head, stops running at the nose and eyes and droppings into the throat.

Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine allays the inflammation in the throat and bronchial tubes, and soothes and heals all ulceration. By using this great remedy freely you prevent all danger from pneumonia or other serious lung troubles.



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CAPITAL (with power to increase).....£600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE.....£100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Nelson, Sandon, Rossland.

IN THE UNITED STATES—San Francisco and Portland.

Agents and Correspondents.—In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

CANADIAN-YUKON GOLD FIELDS

Drafts, Letters of Credit, Etc., issued direct on Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every descript ion of Banking Business transacted.

GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.
Victoria, B. C. November, 1898.

Jersey Cream

Unsurpassed for Home Use, Hotels and Mining Camps

Ask Your Grocer for a can.

TRURO CONDENSED MILK CO.

Victoria Harbor Mission

Under Patronage of Bishop of Columbia

The Mission works amongst the sailors supplies the ships with a free grant of books and papers. The Seamen's Institute on Store street is free to sailors.

Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and may be sent to the Institute.

Address REV. W. E. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain.

B.C. YEAR BOOK, 1897

By R. E. GOSNELL

Cloth.....$1 50 per copy
Paper Cover 1 00 per copy

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

This book contains very complete historical, political, statistical, agricultural, mining and general information of British Columbia. Profusely illustrated.

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.
VICTORIA, B.C.

MINING PROPERTY FOR SALE

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the following gold mining property, viz.:

Three and a half miles in length, with a width of 1,000 feet, of Perry Creek, held under a mining lease from the Gold Commissioner, dated 9th February, 1897, for the term of ten years from the 21st October, 1897. Also all mining plant and machinery belonging to the vendors, which may be found upon or about the said property.

Tenders to be sent to Thos. C. Sorby, honorary secretary of the Perry Creek Gold Mining Company, Limited Liability, Victoria, B. C., on or before the first day of April, 1899.

The right to reject any or every tender is reserved to the vendors.

Dated 4th March, 1899.

THOS. C. SORBY,
2 Kingston street, Victoria.

Municipal Notice

Municipal Bye-Election, 1899

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the SOUTH WARD of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said electors at the Market Building, in the aforesaid city, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of March, 1899, from 12 (noon) to 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Municipal Council as an Alderman.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll shall be opened on Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1899, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., in the manner following:

For the office of Alderman for the SOUTH WARD, at room 5 of the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and to govern himself accordingly.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as Alderman for the City of Victoria shall be such persons as are male British subjects of the full age of twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner in the Land Registry Office of land or real property in the City of Victoria of the assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll of Five Hundred Dollars, or more, over and above any registered incumbrance or charge, and who are otherwise duly qualified as Municipal voters.

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, the 14th day of March, 1899.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Returning Officer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

Tenders will be received by the under signed up to 5 o'clock p.m. of Friday, th 24th day of March, 1899, for the purchase of Lot 42, of sections 17, 18, 19 and 20, Spring Ridge, fronting on Johnson street Victoria, B. C.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated 9th March, 1899.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.

FOR SALE

14¾ acres of first-class land, cleared and fenced, with 8-room 2-story house, modern stables and coach house, piggery, chicken house, windmill and well. 450 fruit trees in bearing, also small fruits and gardens. Favorable terms, on application.

E. M. JOHNSON,
No. 6 Broughton street.
P. O. Box 188. Victoria, B. C.

HORSE WANTED.

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 o'clock March 20th, for the supplying on cart horse, age not more than six years, weight 1,300 to 1,500 pounds; must pass examination by veterinary surgeon.

Persons tendering must state price and where the horse can be seen.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Wm. W NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., March 9th 1899.

Money to Loan....

...On Improved Real Estate Secured by First Mortgage.

SWINERTON & ODDY,
106 Gov't St. Victoria.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

J. V. PERKS, - - - Proprietor.

Free bus meets all trains; refurnished and redecorated throughout; well-lighted sample rooms.

Headquarters for mining men. Hourly street car service to and from station. Rates, $2 per day.

Vancouver Business Directory

AUCTIONEERS.
JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street.
AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYERS.

BANKS.
BANK OF MONTREAL.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CANNING SUPPLIES.
JOHN LECKIE, 632 Granville street.

MILLERS.
THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd., millstuffs, etc.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
HENDERSON BROS.

HARDWARE.
THOS. DUNN & CO., Ltd., 8 and 10 Cordova street.
E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ltd.

HOTELS.
BADMINTON HOUSE, rates $2 and $2.50.

PATENT ATTORNEY AND DRAUGHTSMAN.
TRETHEWEY & BRITTAIN, 105 Cordova street.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL. Turkish Baths.
Best $2 00 a Day House in Vancouver
F. J. COSTELLO, Manager.

BAMBOO and WOODEN FURNITURE

MADE TO ORDER.

By the best carpenters, at the lowest price in this town, at both Japanese stores,

90 Douglas Street
AND
152 Government St

Next to Victoria hotel.

Just give the order, and see how neatly done.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, March 16, 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.

The storm area which has caused a copious rainfall throughout California has moved eastward to Utah. The barometer is giving way over this province in advance of another low area off Vancouver Island, which is likely to cause unsettled weather within the next 48 hours. Fine weather prevails in Canada from the Pacific to the Great Lakes, and higher temperatures are setting in throughout the Territories.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	38	54
Kamloops	22	40
Barkerville	6	38
Calgary	— 6	36
Winnipeg	—18	14
Portland, Ore.	40	54
San Francisco, Cal.	42	50

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Friday.

Victoria and Vicinity—Easterly to southerly winds; fair at first, then gradually becoming unsettled.

Lower Mainland—Moderate variable winds; fair at first, then becoming unsettled.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m.. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 16.

	Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m.	38	Mean	46
Noon	48	Highest	54
5 p.m.	54	Lowest	38

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.....7 miles northeast.
Noon.....9 miles northeast.
5 p.m.....7 miles northeast.

Average state of weather—Clear.
Sunshine—9 hours 30 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.924
Corrected.....29.872

E. BAYNES REED,
Provincial Forecast Official.

PASSENGERS.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Jns. Dougherty.	Mrs. Larsen.
H. Hamburger.	R. Cameron.
J. W. Ludgate.	A. Salsbery.
J. Adams.	H. Young.
F. W. McKechnie.	Frank Western.
Wm. Gray.	Mrs. O'Brien.
R. Smyth.	A. Keller.
C. H. Frye.	Miss Brown.
W. C. Leak.	Master Blowers.
H. L. Brown.	Gus Haver.
C. E. Frilligan.	Chas. Smally.
C. A. Brown.	Chas. Butler.
Miss Deakin.	F. M. Stanley.
Miss Walker.	W. Farr.
A. Gusfold.	A. R. Studley.
E. P. Smith.	H. W. Buzzard.
W. E. Blowers.	W. Ashe.
Miss Ford.	

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:

Mrs. M. Thompson.	Master Craig.
D. Sinclair.	L. H. Chambers.
Mrs. C. H. King.	H. Nelson.
T. M. Kelly.	J. S. Tait.
S. Henderson.	Chas. Laudau.
A. H. Phillips.	J. G. Tlarks.
E. Wishardt.	C. A. Schooley.
W. J. Trethewey.	Ben. Gordon.
Mrs. Depause.	G. A. Hammer.
A. Boake.	Jas. Warner.
J. W. McFarland.	M. H. McCabe.
W. Marchant.	C. A. Godson.
G. S. Gordon.	Wm. Lough.
G. Robertson.	S. Henderson.
S. O'Brien.	H. T. Richardson.
H. J. Davidson.	Mrs. Richardson.
Jno. Warner.	W. A. Lawson.
J. B. Hobson.	R. H. Spirling.
B. P. Davis.	C. J. Steeple.
W. White.	J. T. Deaville.
Mrs. Craig.	T. A. Graham.
G. S. McTavish.	Hon. Joe Martin.

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Victoria Hotel.	Jno. Barnsley.
W. J. Taylor.	Wm. Bownass.
Miss Sanders.	R. T. Cooper.
M. W. Waitt.	J. H. Todd & Son.
A. F. Ferro.	Valo & Brooks.
W. Mable.	Mrs. J. Codley.
Jas. Baker.	N. Nelson.
Colonist P. & P. Co.	Brackman & Ker.
A. W. Knight.	W. & J. Wilson.
G. Marsden.	Bank of Halifax.
Book & News Co.	H. C. Beeton & Co.
T. S. O'Connell.	B. Williams.
D. E. Campbell.	J. Fullerton.
E. E. Blackwood.	J. H. Ford.
J. Tollish.	Miss F. M. Lyons.
Thos. McNeeley.	D. K. Chungranes.
Hudson's Bay Co.	G. E. Munro & Co.
G. E. Munro.	F. R. Stewart & Co.
Henderson Bros.	Earsman, H. & Co.
E. G. Prior & Co.	J. M. S.

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:

Wardroom Mess.	Small & Piddock.
Lenz & Leiser.	J. H. Todd & Son.
Weiler Bros.	A. Sheret.
Thorpe & Co.	E. G. Prior & Co.
A. W. Vowell.	A. McGregor & Son.
Martin & Robertson.	B. C. Electric Ry.
Ames-Holden Co.	A. J. Clyde & Co.
Chas. Pichon.	Johns Bros.
S. Leiser & Co.	Simmons & Coker.
R. P. Rithet & Co.	D. McPherson.
Bessinger & Co.	Hudson's Bay Co.
Dom. Express Co.	

Easy to take off and fix are the detachable GEM TIRES

POSTAL INFORMATION.

The post office general delivery is open daily from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. (except Sundays); registry wicket, from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.; money order and savings bank, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Street letter boxes are placed throughout the city as follows:

Cor. Store and Discovery streets.
Cor. Government and Douglas streets.
Cor. Quadra and Pandora avenue.
Cor. Quadra and Pioneer streets.
Cor. Carr and Niagara streets.
Cor. Douglas and Pandora avenue.
Cor. Fernwood road and Yates streets.
Cor. Cook and Fort streets.
Cor. Menzies and Quebec streets.
Cor. Oak Bay and Cadboro Bay roads.
Driard Hotel.
Cor. Montreal and Quebec streets.
Cor. Maclure and Collinson streets.
Cor. Vancouver and Richardson streets.
Cor. Caledonia ave. and Chambers street.
Cor. Kings road and Second street.
Cor. Bridge and John streets.
Cor. St. Lawrence and Simcoe streets.

COAL. MUNN, HOLLAND & Co.
TELEPHONE 694.
Cor. Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT

Capt. Cadill Says the Output of the Atlin Creeks Will Be a Great Surprise.

He Does Not Think That the Alien Exclusion Act Has Done Much Harm.

Capt. R. Mackay Cadill, of London, who returned from the North on the steamer Tees, and with whom an interview appeared yesterday morning, last evening had something further to say in respect to British Columbia's most northerly gold field.

"So much has been said and written about the Atlin gold fields," he said, "that anything further might seem superfluous. Still as I have made a very thorough examination of the country and interested myself largely at the same time, I will endeavor to give you the latest information about Atlin, as well as deny certain statements appearing in various papers, misleading in the extreme. I was on my way to Dawson when news from the interior, to the effect that owing to seepage water our mines could not be worked, caused me to turn my steps and attentions to the Atlin district, where I arrived about the middle of February. I have spent about three weeks in the district, during which time I have visited every creek.

"It is always a hard matter to form any very accurate opinion of a mining district in winter, owing to the snow, etc., yet I do not think I shall be far out or exaggerating at all when I say that Atlin is rich beyond belief. You won't find Bonanzas or nuggets of phenomenal size, but you'll find that there will be few, if any, blanks. Once the snow has disappeared, quartz finds will be made which will once and for all settle the future of the district, while the opportunities for hydraulic propositions abound on every side, and these could be easily laid out at the expense of about $5 to $6 per claim. So mild is the winter under ordinary circumstances that work has been carried on on many creeks all this winter, and in every cabin the dust bears out the various statements as to the results obtained thereby. Nowhere is the ground frozen more than a few inches below the surface, and water is plentiful. Pine, Spruce, Wright, Quartz, Canyon and Little of last year's creeks, all show up well, while of the later discoveries, Moose, Cariboo, etc., great things are expected; in fact, discoveries are destined to be made right along, as the country is, comparatively speaking, totally unprospected.

"The history of all mining camps in their early stages goes to prove that for the first season things are rather 'mixed,' and Atlin has not escaped this order of things; yet matters are being rapidly straightened out by Mr. Graham, the gold commissioner. During the commissioner's enforced absence at Lake Benpett, his duties at Atlin have fallen upon Mr. Vickers, who like his chief, has won for himself the respect and admiration of all.

"The alien law, as it is commonly called, of course forms the topic of conversation, go where you will. Many have gone in for a wholesale condemnation of the action of the government in thus legislating against aliens.

"I read in a paper—the Seattle Post-Intelligencer of the 3rd instant—a most prevaricating account by two gentlemen of the funereal state of affairs in Atlin caused by the exclusion act. I most emphatically deny that the boom is ended as stated therein, and Atlin never had a better advertisement. Again, I see in the same column the statement that at an indignation meeting held in Atlin 600 or 800 inhabitants were present. I was at the meeting in question, which was held in a room 16 feet by 20 feet. There were not more than 50 present at the meeting, and the number of people in Atlin at the time did not number more than 400. These statements, compared with the facts, require no comment.

"But the most extraordinary statement is that where it had come to the knowledge of the gentleman in whose name the statement appears, that a certain seditious plot was hatching, having for its object a state of affairs reputed to be prevalent in Dawson; yet this knowledge was not conveyed to the authorities. I would caution those who chance to come across such accounts as those referred to, to treat them with the contempt they deserve.

"Victoria and Vancouver business men are rapidly settling up in Atlin. Mr. McDonald, late of the Clarence, has arrived, with his partner. Messrs. Oubridge & Co. are at Pine creek, while many others are on the road.

"The alien law is not keeping Americans out, and in the Daily Alaskan of the 9th instant I see that that paper bears me out, for it says that those Americans now flocking into Atlin are confident that the law will be repealed at an early date.

"In conclusion, I give it as my humble opinion that this season's working will surprise many, and that, far from the boom being over, Atlin will have laid the foundation of a large mining industry, while being a camp where law, order and government cannot be equalled. I go East in connection with the ultimate development of property acquired, returning in a few weeks to Atlin and Dawson City."

How much business can a man do whose system is in a state of disorder? Headach is only o symptom. It is not a disease The pain in the head is a sign of rebellion There have been mistakes in diet an other abuses.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a gentle, effective renovator and invigorator or stomach, liver and bowels. They assis nature without threatening to tear th body piece-meal. There is no griping pains no nausen. One is a laxative.

A book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, written by Dr. R. V. Pierce, called "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," will be sent free for 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE WRONG SPANIARD.

Not Admiral Villamil, but a Seaman Found on the Beach.

Washington, March 14.—The secretary of the navy this afternoon received the following telegram:

"Portland, Or., March 14.

"Remains found in chair about four miles west of Santiago, as reported in today's papers, not those of Villamil, but of Spanish seaman. Report follows by mail.

"PROCTOR, Assistant Engineer."

The officer from whom the above message was received was an engineer on board the Gloucester.

The French embassy has reported to the Spanish government and to the members of Spanish families all available particulars concerning the officers and men on the island taken prisoners when Admiral Cervera's fleet was destroyed. The embassy officials do not recall that Admiral Villamil was among the rescued, though claims have been made that he was received on board one of the American auxiliary craft and made prisoner. At the embassy it has been understood that the admiral was among the lost, and in view of reports that his remains have been found and identified, it is expected that a request will be made by Spain to have the embassy secure the remains and forward them to Spain.

Portland, Or., March 14.—Assistant Engineer A. N. Proctor, U. S. N., who was in charge of the landing party after the destruction of the Spanish torpedo boats Furor and Pluton, at Santiago, was seen this evening and gave the following statement regarding the identity of the body found in the chair on the beach at Santiago:

"After the sinking of the Furor and beaching of the Pluton, I landed on the beach in a cove three-quarters of a mile west of where the Pluton was beached, and made my way along the beach to the wreck, on the way encountering a Spanish lieutenant and a seaman, the latter badly wounded in the right arm and left side. We assisted the lieutenant to another cove to the eastward, where about 25 survivors of the Pluton and Furor had collected. On reaching this cove, I sent the men back for the wounded sailor, with a chair which had been landed by J. P. Dunning, of the Associated Press, and after waiting some time for their return, I went back up the beach and found that the men had stopped at the top of a hill, the sailor having died just as they reached that point. I had the chair moved into the shade of the bushes, and hastened to embark with all the prisoners I could take in my boat, turning the others over to Dunning in the Associated Press boat. The coat mentioned in the despatches was probably one which I took from the Spanish lieutenant and used to protect the wounded man's head from the sun.

"I have been expecting since that time to hear of the finding of the remains, as I do not believe the other Spaniards were left in chairs."

SAUSAGE MAN'S AWFUL DEED.

Having Chopped His Wife Into Little Pieces He Burned Her in Red Hot Stove.

Chicago, March 14.—August Becker, the sausage maker who has been under arrest for four weeks on a charge of murdering his wife, made a full confession to-night. He said that he cut his wife to pieces and burned the remains in a stove.

Becker when first arrested admitted killing his wife, but declared he pushed her off the Randolph street viaduct into the lake, and that she was drowned.

In his confession Becker said he had killed his wife by striking her on the head with a hatchet in the kitchen of his home. He then cut the body to pieces and boiled it in a large kettle. After watching the disintegration of the remains for several hours, when nothing was left that resembled a human body, Becker says he took what remained and burned it in a red hot stove, the fire having been prepared by him. The bones which would not burn he buried on the prairie near his home.

January 27 was the date Becker says he committed the murder. He asserts the crime was not premeditated, but that he quarrelled with his wife on the afternoon of that date, and in the heat of passion he struck her on the head with the hatchet. Only one blow was needed to cause death, and after that had been struck, the sausage maker says he thought of the way to dispose of the remains of his wife in order to destroy all chances of detection.

The piece of lung and a portion of calico which were found under the barn, and which the police believe to be strong evidence against Becker, he says, could not be any part of the body of his wife, as he is certain that he destroyed every particle of flesh, and he maintains the dress which she wore was also burned.

THE ONTARIO MAJORITY.

It Is Now Figured at Ten Exclusive of the Speaker.

Toronto, March 15.—(Special)—The first division of the session took place late last night. The government majority was 11, exclusive of the speaker. Two seats were vacant, notice of the return of Monteith not yet having been received from South Perth, and the seat for North Waterloo having been vacated by the courts. When Monteith takes his seat, the government majority will be 10, exclusive of the speaker. The division was on Mr. Foy's motion for a six months' hoist of the revenue bill, the second reading of which was moved by Mr. Harcourt. The senate reform resolution on Thursday will probably bring on another vote.

ARGONAUTS AT HENLEY.

Entries in Three Events With Most Confidence in the Singles.

Toronto, March 15.—(Special)—The Argonaut Rowing Club have decided to make the following entries for the Henley regatta: Diamond Sculls—Charles Goldman. Stewards' challenge cup—Wright (stroke), Thompson, E. A. Thompson, Muntz. Grand challenge cup—Muntz, Doherty, Kingstone, Wright, Boyd, "Bush" Thompson; Fred. Thompson, McKenzie, Linton, Gooderham; H. Muntz, stroke; Baker, coxswain. It is thought that Goldman has a good chance of winning the Diamond Sculls.

SELLING TORPEDO INVENTION.

American Sails for Southampton to Sell Rights to British Government.

New York, March 15.—John R. Holland, the inventor of the submarine torpedo boat; Captain L. K. Bell, of the royal navy yard, and L. V. Benet, of the Hotchkiss Gun and American Ordnance Co., were fellow passengers to-day on the American line steamship St. Paul, which sailed for Southampton. It was said that Holland's mission abroad is to sell his boat or secrets to some European power. The fact that he was accompanied to England by a captain of the royal navy who has been here for the last four months on an alleged mysterious errand, is said to confirm the suspicion that the British naval authorities are desirous of securing a submarine boat which will prove as effective as the French boat Zedo.

NO HOPE FOR CASTILIAN.

Salvage Party Abandon All Thought of Operating on Her.

Halifax, March 15.—(Special)—News from Yarmouth says waves are breaking over the after part of the Castilian which is almost submerged. The steamer has listed badly to starboard, and the railing is now under water. The captain of the vessel sent out by the dry dock people with a wrecking gear has abandoned all attempts to save the steamer.

Ottawa, March 15.—Commander Spain of the marine department left to-day to make an investigation into the cause of the wreck of the Castilian off Yarmouth.

MORTGAGE LEGISLATION.

Washington State Makes the Profit of This Form of Investment Less Variable.

Olympia, March 14.—Probably the most important act passed by the legislature was the mortgage law. None certainly will have more beneficial results in establishing confidence upon the part of capital and making the burden of the borrower lighter.

The law is already in force, the governor having signed it and the emergency clause having been adopted. It closely follows the code of 1881, although some features have been adopted from the California law; but in every respect its provisions have been construed and upheld by the courts so that there is nothing experimental about it.

The chief provisions of interest to the public are those relating to deficiency judgment, right of possession and equity of redemption. Great care has been taken to guard with equal jealousy the rights of the borrower and of the lender.

No deficiency judgment can be taken except by agreement in the mortgage and if the mortgagee begins an action for the recovery of a debt secured by mortgage, but without asking for foreclosure, and before a foreclosure and sale, then the mortgage security is deemed to be waived, and this provision cannot be waived or avoided even by an agreement in the mortgage. In other words, both parties are bound by the terms they agree upon, except that the mortgagee must elect which security he will rely upon and cannot have both. The borrower is put clearly upon his guard before the mortgage is given.

The right of possession is also clearly defined and a wise distinction made. That and the equity of redemption are so closely allied that they may be considered together. Upon a sale of real property under execution, decree or order of sale, when the estate is less than a leasehold of two years' unexpired term, then the sale is absolute; but in any event a year's equity of redemption is reserved to the judgment of the debtor or his successor in interest, upon payment of the amount of the bid, with interest at 8 per cent.

If the property be real estate of more than a leasehold of two years' unexpired term, then it is again divided into two classes, homestead and farming lands in use forming one class and property rented out forming the other. The owner of a homestead is entitled, without accounting, to possession during the period, one year, of redemption. The owner in possession and use of farming or agricultural lands is also given the continued possession and use during the period of redemption, except that the mortgagee has a lien upon the crops to the amount of interest at 6 per cent. on the purchase price and of taxes upon the growing or harvested crops. If the debtor prefers to give up possession to the mortgagee, and subsequently redeems after April 1 and before December 1, than the debtor must reimburse the mortgagee for money expended in preparing the land for a crop; if it is not redeemed by December 1 and the mortgagee has raised a crop, then the debtor, if he redeems, will be entitled to a reasonable rent for the use of the land during the farming year between those dates.

The other class is property rented out. In that case the mortgagee after sale is entitled to collect the rents and profits during the redemption year, but must account to the debtor for all money collected, and it must be credited upon the judgment if the debtor redeems the property within the year.

Thus the conflicting interests are impartially conserved, and the new law deals with exact justice to both parties. The act preserves all existing rights, so that it will not apply to mortgages, made under the law of 1897. The appraisement feature of that law is entirely eliminated from the present one.

NEW OFFER FOR FIGHT.

All Receipts for Admission and Picture Privileges Less Cost of Erection of Building.

New York, March 16.—William A. Brady and Martin Julian, representing Jim Jeffries and Bob Fitzsimmons, respectively, met this afternoon at Dave Holland's, on Broadway, to consider bids for the proposed fight for the heavyweight championship.

R. R. Williams, of this city, made an offer which overshadows all the others. He said that it was the intention of a number of responsible men in this vicinity to erect a building at Bergen Beach, which would accommodate 20,000 people. He said that he would give all the receipts of the fight and the entire picture privileges, less the amount of the cost of the erection of the building. He asked for a week's time in order to make arrangements, so that he could make the offer as an assured fact. The men agreed to meet again in a week from to-day.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.
Hood's Pills
The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER
I will sell by public auction
THIS DAY,
At the residence of Mrs. Hamlin, 115 Simcoe street, James Bay,
Elegant and Costly Furniture and Furnishings
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IGLESIAS IS SECURE.

Recent Attempt to Overthrow Costa Rican Government a Complete Failure.

New York, March 14.—Passengers on the steamer Altai, which arrived here today, after touching a week at Port Limon, had much to say about the recent attempt to overthrow the rule of President Iglesias, of Costa Rica. This occurred on February 25 at San Jose, the seat of government. It was briefly reported by cable several days later, but owing to the vigilance of the censorship maintained, the causes were not given. According to the general opinion of the passengers, the permanency of the Iglesias government is by no means assured.

A passenger described the recent outbreak somewhat as follows:

"Iglesias left his aged father, Senor Don de Tria, in charge, while he himself came to the United States and then went to Europe, where he now is. The malcontents took advantage of the president's absence to hatch a few plots. Dr. Flores is an open aspirant for presidential honors. His military sponsor, Gen. Velaredo, on February 25, followed by about fifty armed men, gained an entrance into the artillery barracks at San Jose. One of Gen. Velaredo's sons was in charge of the guard at the time when the insurgents entered.

"There were 300 soldiers in the barracks. It was understood that the admission of the rebels was to be followed by the surrender of the government forces and the turning over of the arms, but the plot miscarried. Col. Antilon, who was in charge of the government force, headed his men and a fight ensued. Gen. Velaredo was wounded, one of his sons was killed, and two other sons were made prisoners. The son who had endeavored to turn over the barracks to his father was tried by court martial and shot. The other brother is now in prison awaiting trial for treason. In the fight at the barracks several other soldiers were killed, including Col. Antilon.

"Gen. Velaredo and his chief supporters escaped. The rebels are now reported to be preparing to attack San Jose, and are getting arms from the neighboring republics. The people of Nicaragua, vexed at the stand taken by Iglesias in opposition to the canal grant to the Grace syndicate, are supporting the Costa Rica rebels.

"The signal for the outbreak of the revolution was the assassination of Col. Arryo, one o fthe military commanders of the place, who was killed in the public street.

"Dr. Flores is under surveillance and may be arrested at any moment. If such a radical step is taken, it is quite likely that a fierce revolution will ensue. The loyalty of the troops saved Iglesias last month, but I doubt whether that loyalty will stand too many tests."

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